## Time Domain Nonlinear Equalization for OTFS Modulation using Kernel Adaptive Algorithms

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## Theoretical background

- \*With increasing demand of high-speed and high-quality media services of 5G and 6G systems, the requirement of high spectral efficiency with high Doppler scenarios must be met .
- Orthogonal Time Frequency Space (OTFS) modulation is one of promising techniques, which is more robust to high Doppler spread and phase noise and provides high diversity order.

\*OTFS has novel and important feature of being designed in the delay-Doppler domain, when it coupled with a suitable equalizer can exploit the full channel diversity over both time and frequency.

Although OTFS is an orthogonal modulation scheme, when the signal passes through a time varying multipath channel, the received delay-Doppler domain signal encounters inter symbol interference (ISI). Several channel equalization methods were presented for OTFS modulation for single user and multi users.

## **Expected contributions**

- Design receiver to mitigate the ISI and enhance the bit error rate (BER) performances for OTFS modulation, a nonlinear time domain equalizer-based Kernel algorithms is used.
- A non-linear equalizer based KLMS, KAP, and KRLS algorithms is used to enhance the BER performance in OTFS modulation.

## Methodology and tools

♦OTFS system is simulated using MATLAB 2023a.

- The bit error rate performance (BER) for OTFS system is measured in in extended pedestrian A (EVA) channel.
- Nonlinear adaptive equalizer using Kernel algorithms is designed using MATLAB 2023a.
- Simulation results will present the comparison between KLMS, KAP, and KRLS and which one is the best for enhancing BER and reduce ISI for OTFS system.

