

Department of Mathematics

College of Science

University of Salahaddin

Subject: Ordinary Differential Equations II

Course Book – Year 2- Second Semester

Lecturer's name: P.hd. Chiman Mohammed Qadir

Academic Year: 2023/2024

Course Book

1. Course name	Ordinary Differential Equations		
2. Lecturer in charge	Chiman Mohammed Qadir		
3. Department/ College	College of Science- Department of Mathematics		
4. Contact	e-mail: chiman.qadir@su.edu.krd		
	Tel: (optional)		
5. Time (in hours) per week	Theory: 3 discussion: 1		
	Practical: 0		
6. Office hours			
7. Course code			
8. Teacher's academic	Name: Chiman M. qadir		
profile	Work Address: Mathematics Department, College of Science Salahaddin University-Erbil.		
	Employment		
	2010 – up to now: Mathematics Department, College of Science Salahaddin University-Erbil		
	Qualifications & background		
	B. Sc., Salahaddin University-Erbil, College of Science,		
	Mathematics Department, Iraq.		
	M. Sc., Salahaddin University-Erbil, College of Science,		
	Mathematics Department, Iraq.		
	P. Hd., Salahaddin University-Erbil, College of Science,		
	Mathematics Department, Iraq		
	General specialization: Mathematics-Differential Equations. Specific specialization : Qualitative Theory Differential Equation		
	Assignments		
	2010-2023 Assistant Lecturer, Department of Mathematics, College of Science, Salahaddin University -Erbil, Teaching Interest Ordinary Differential Equations, Theory of Ordinary Differentia		
	Equations, , Calculus, Finite Mathematics, Linear Algebra.		
9. Keywords	Differential equations, order, degree, homogeneous, exact,		
	linear, Bernoulli equations, Riccati equations, constant		
	coefficients, variable coefficients, Laplace transforms, series		
10. Courses our discus	solutions		
10. Course overview:			

General Description of the module The subject of differential equations is a very important branch of applied mathematics. Many phenomena from physics, biology and engineering may be described using ordinary differential equations. They are also used to model the behaviour of systems in the natural world, and predict how

these systems will behave in the further. For instance, exponential growth (the rate of change of a population is proportional to the size of the population) is expressed by the differential equation. Newton's Law of Gravitation (acceleration is inversely proportional to the square of distance) translates to the equation. Many examples are found in the fields of physics, engineering, biology, chemistry and economics. The traditional course in differential equations focused on the small number of differential equations for which exact solutions exist. However, the methods used by scientists today have changed dramatically due to computer. Here we will cover almost all methods for solving every kind of ordinary differential equations.

This should not be less than 200 words

11. Course objective:

The objective of this module is to acquaint students with the fundamental principles and techniques of ordinary differential equations. The goal is to develop their proficiency in resolving ordinary differential equations through the utilization of diverse solution methods. Furthermore, students will attain the capability to effectively address a range of differential equations, encompassing those of first order and first degree, systems of initial order equations, higher degree equations, higher order equations, as well as both linear and nonlinear equations.

12. Student's obligation

- **a.** Students rein a commitment to come on time and remain in the classroom for the duration of scheduled classes and Labs.
- **b.** Nothingness speak students with each other during lecture.
- **c.** All devices must be turned off.
- **d.** When teacher ask question, Students will be to rise your hand before answer his question.

Students own an obligation to write tests and final examinations at the times scheduled by the teacher or the College.

13. Forms of teaching

Different ways of teaching will be used to reach the objectives. In general, a magic board is used for learning and discussing the objectives.

14. Assessment scheme

The academic year contain two obligatory exams with average 30% degree and 10% Quizzes. The other will be reserved for final exam .

15. Student learning outcome:

- 1. The student will learn to formulate ordinary differential equations (ODEs) and seek understanding of their solutions.
- 2. Students should understand the concept of a solution to an initial value problem.

- **3.** The student will recognize basic types of differential equations which are solvable, and will understand the features of linear equations in particular.
- 4. Students will learn to use different approaches to investigate equations which are not easily solvable.

16. Course Reading List and References:

- 1. Nagle, R.K., Saff, E.B. and Snider, A.D., 2014. *Fundamentals of differential equations*. Pearson.
- 2. Conrad, B.P., 2010. Ordinary Differential Equations: A Systems Approach.
- **3.** Boyce, W.E., DiPrima, R.C. and Meade, D.B., 2017. *Elementary differential equations*. John Wiley & Sons..
- 4. Rukmangadachari, E., 2012. Differential equations. Pearson Education India.
- 5. Bronson, R. and Costa, G.B., 2022. *Schaum's outline of differential equations*. McGraw-Hill Education.
- 6. Bronson, R., 1989. 2500 solved problems in differential equations. .
- 7. Ross, S., 2021. Introduction to ordinary differential equations.
- 8. Waleed, H.Aziz.2023, lecture notes Ordinary differential equations

17. The Topics:	Lecturer's name
1 Basic definitions and elimination of essential constants	NA
1.1 Introduction: How to read a differential equation	
1.2 Solutions of differential equations	
1.3 The elimination of essential arbitrary constants	
1.4 Geometrical interpretation of differential equations	
1.5Variation of parameters	
1.6 Reduction of orders	
1.7 Linear differential equations with variable	
1.8The Cauchy and Legendre linear equations	
1.9 Solving the Legendre linear equation	
1.10 Non-linear differential equations with variable coefficients	
1.10.1 Dependent variable missing (absent)	
1.10.2 Independent variable missing (absent)	
1.11 Second order linear differential equations with variable coefficients	
1.12 How one can find the particular solution of a homogeneous	
differential equation with variable coefficients	
1.13 Applications of Second Order Differential Equations	
2. The Laplace transformation (Laplace's transform and its application to differential equations)	
2.1 Laplace Transformation2.2 Laplace transforms of some elementary functions	

2.3 Laplace transform of a derivation	(4-5)weeks		
2.4 Inverse Laplace Transform			
2.5 Initial Value Problems			
2.6 Transformation of Initial Value Problems			
2.7 Derivative of the Lanlage transforms			
2.7 Derivative of the Laplace transforms			
3. The power series method			
3.1 Power Series Method (Power Series Solutions)			
3.2 Maclaurin series expansion of some elementary functions			
3.3 Solutions around ordinary points			
3.4 Frobenius series solution (Solutions near regular singular			
points)			
Notes:			
The course program does not include the examination			
days, which need at least a couple of weeks during the year; thus			
the total number of weeks in a course year will be: (21 + 2).			
This course is for second year students, who start the			
actives at least 4 weeks later than the other grades	(4)weeks		
course at least 4 weeks later than the other grades.			
19 Dractical Tanics (If there is any)			
In this section The lecturer shall write titles of all practical topics	Lecturer's name		
he/she is going to give during the term. This also includes a brief	ex: (3-4 hrs)		
description of the objectives of each topic, date and time of the			
	ex [.] 7/10/2018		
	cx: // 10/ 2010		
19. Examinations:			
1. Compositional: In this type of exam the questions usually starts	with Explain how,		
What are the reasons for?. Why?. How?			
With their typical answers			
Examples should be provided			
Examples should be provided			
2. True or false type of exams:			

In this type of exam a short sentence about a specific subject will be provided, and then students will comment on the trueness or falseness of this particular sentence. Examples should be provided

3. Multiple choices:

In this type of exam there will be a number of phrases next or below a statement, students will match the correct phrase. Examples should be provided.

20. Extra notes:

Here the lecturer shall write any note or comment that is not covered in this template and he/she wishes to enrich the course book with his/her valuable remarks.

21. Peer review

ييداجوونهوهي هاوهل ئەم كۆرسبوركە دەبنت لەلايەن ھاوەڭىكى ئەكادىميەرە سەير بكرنت و ناوەرۆكى بابەتەكانى كۆرسەكە يەسەند بكات و جەند ووشەيەك بنووسنت لەسەر شياوى ناوەرۆكى كۆرسەكە و واژووى لەسەر بكات. هاو مل ئمو كمسميه كه زانياري همينت لمسمر كۆرسمكه و دمبيت يلمي زانستي له مامۆستا كممتر نمينت.