

Question bank for (Aquatic chemistry ,2023-2024), 4th year students, Soil and Water Department, College of Agricultural Engineering Sciences, Salahaddin University -Erbil, IKR.

- Q1: Write (5) goals of studying aquatic chemistry.
- Q2: What is the relation between water quality and water suitability?
- Q3: What is the relation between water quality and water chemistry?
- Q4: Draw the pyramid of aquatic chemistry.
- Q5: What is the relation between aquatic chemistry and Environmental chemistry?
- Q6: Mention and draw the mechanism of dissolving salts in water.
- Q7: Enumerate factors affecting on chemical composition of water.
- Q8: There are two models for expression on SAR? Why?
- Q9: The SAR value is very low for waters in Kurdistan, explain it.
- Q10: Why Adj.SAR is differing from SAR?
- Q11: What is the unit of SAR?
- Q12: Define saturation index, then explain its importance in soil and water sciences.
- Q13: Mention the factors affecting on C_{ax} .
- Q14: What are factors affecting on $Adj.R_{Na}$?
- Q15: Mention the factors affecting on pH_c value of water.
- Q16: Compare between pH_c value of rainwater and groundwater.
- Q17: Explain the mathematical model for determining saturation index in detail.
- Q18: What is the difference between $mmol_c L^{-1}$ and $meq L^{-1}$?
- Q19: What is your idea about RSC value for water in Kurdistan region?
- Q20: What is the expect CO₃ value of water in our country?
- Q21: Compare between SSP and SSPP.
- Q22: How do you test the accuracy of data?
- Q23: What is the dominate water type (Family) in Kurdistan? Why?

Q24: Increase in ----- causes - -----in Adj.SAR while increase in causes -----in it.

Q25: If the pHc value of water less than ----- causes -----of calcium carbonate in the soil, while if less than----- causes ----- calcium carbonate in the soil.

Q26:The Ayers and Westcot (1994) regards as a most important classical method of irrigation water classification due to the following reasons:

1-----2-----3-----
4-----and 5-----.

Q26: Mention the disadvantages of USSR classification.

Q27: The Richards (USDA) classification (1954) classified the irrigation water into -----classes depending on -----and -----.

Q28: The irrigation water classification which are depending on water quality and soil properties are-----,-----,-----and -----.

Q29: The irrigation water classification which are depending on water quality and soil physical properties are -----,-----and -----.

Q30: The irrigation water classification which are depending on water quality and soil chemical property is -----.

Q31: The irrigation water classification which are depending on water quality and type o soil minerals is -----.

Q32: The irrigation water classification which are depending on water quality and method of irrigation is -----.

Q33: The water sample was analyzed and you are given the following information:

Ions	Concentration	Unit
Ca ²⁺	5.00	(mmol L ⁻¹)
Mg ²⁺	4.00	
Na ⁺	0.50	
K ⁺	0.50	
HCO ₃ ⁻	6.00	
CO ₃ ²⁻	?	
SO ₄ ²⁻	2.00	

Cl ⁻	?	
EC	1.90	dS m ⁻¹
pH	7.78	

Classify the water depending on:

- 1- Richards (1954) classification. 2- Donen (1954) or Salinity potential.
- 2- Wilcox (1955) or RSC. 4- USSR classification.
- 5- Calculate Adj.SAR. 6- Calculate Adj.RNa. 7- Calculate Saturation index. 8-Test accuracy of data. 9-What is the expected CO₃ concentration? Why? .
- 10-Calculate salt composition. 11- Which of the salts had the highest risk on emitters clogging? Why? 12-What is the water family?

Q34: The water sample was analyzed and you are given the following information:

Ions	Concentration	Unit
Ca ²⁺	200	(mg L ⁻¹)
Mg ²⁺	96	
Na ⁺	11.5	
K ⁺	19.5	
HCO ₃ ⁻	732	
CO ₃ ²⁻	0.0	
SO ₄ ²⁻	384	
Cl ⁻	?	
EC	?	dS m ⁻¹
pH	7.90	

Classify the water depending on:

- 1- Richards (1954) classification. 2- Donen (1954) or Salinity potential.
- 2- Wilcox (1955) or RSC. 4- USSR classification.
- 5- Calculate Adj.SAR. 6- Calculate Adj.RNa. 7- Calculate Saturation index. 8-Test accuracy of data. 9-Calculate salt composition.

Q35: Define threshold value for EC_{iw}, then mention factors affecting on it.

Q36: Compare between threshold value for irrigation water and soil extract.

Q37: The water quality affects on plants by different mechanisms, explain them.

Q38: Discuss USDA classification (1954) in detail.

Q39: Discuss the effect of temperature on the statistical relation between EC_e and EC_{iw}.

Q40: Comment on the following scientific phrases:

- 1- The irrigation EC threshold value is not constant.
- 2- The disadvantages of water classification systems.
- 3- What are the weak points in water classifications depending on IWQI?

Q41: Calculate the relative yield and decrease in yield for barely plant if you are given the following information:

$$ECe = 12 \text{ dS m}^{-1}.$$

$$EC0 = 30 \text{ dS m}^{-1}.$$

The threshold or *EC100 value* = 8 dS m^{-1} .

Q42: Compare between the two models of determine relative yield.

43: What is the relation between water chemistry and plant types?

Q44: Why the water quality not effects on soil pH?

Q45: Mention the factors affecting on the relation between ECe and $ECiw$.

Q46: Why the Mg/Ca ratio is irrigation water is high but in soil after irrigation is low?

Q47: Explain briefly the relation between aquatic chemistry and soil physical properties.

Q48: Explain briefly the relation between aquatic chemistry and soil microbial activities.

Q48: Which of modern water classification regards as the best one? Why?

Q49: Who modified the IWQI model in the world depending on ion pair, activity and local weight?

Q50: give an example about decrease in yield depending on the model below:

$$Y_r = 100 - b(ECe - a)$$

Where a = the salinity threshold expressed in dS m^{-1} ; b = the slope expressed in percent per dS m^{-1} , and ECe = the mean of electrical conductivity for the saturated paste taken from the root zone.

Q51: Enumerate the classical water classifications.

Q52: Which water classification includes two soil physical properties?

هيوای سهرکهوتنتان بؤ دهخوآزم

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24th of February ,2024