

Soil and Water

College of

Sciences

Department of

Agriculture

University of Salahaddin, Erbil

Subject: Water Resources.

Course Book – For (2nd year students)

Lecturer's name: Prof.Dr. Akram Othman Esmail

B.Sc. 1980 University of Sulaimani

MSc. 1986 University of Salahaddin

PhD. 1992 University of Baghdad

Academic Year: (2023-2024)

Course Book

1. Course	Fall semester 2023-2024
name	
2. Lecturer	Prof . Dr. Akram Othman Esmail
in charge	
3.	Soil and Water Sciences, Agricultural Engineering sciences.
Department/	
College	
4. Contact	e-mail: akram.esmail@su.edu.krd
	Tel: 07504672975

5. Time (in	Theory: 2 hours per week		
hours) per	Practical: 2 hours per week		
week			
6. Office	6 hours/week		
hours			
7. Course			
code			
8. Teacher's	The main points in my academic profile can be summarize as follow:		
academic	1- Teaching B.Sc. M.Sc and Ph.D students.		
profile	2- Doing scientific researches.		
	3- Member of some scientific committees in the soil and water		
	department and college of Agriculture.		
	4- Supervising (15) Ph.D. students and 25 MSc. students.		
	5- Contributing in more than 310 examine committee for MSc and		
	Ph.D students either as a member or chairman.		
	6-Evalution of numerous researches for scientific journals in		
	Kurdistan, Iraqi and international journals.		
	8-Doing statistical analysis for numerous post graduate students. 9–		
	Teaching students in other Universities.		
9.	Water resources, Management of water resources, Water harvesting,		
Keywords	Hydrograph, Water quality.		
	1. Course name: Water resources.		
	2. Lecturer in charge: Assit.Lect. Aveen Sabir Kareem		
	3. Department/ College, Soil and water/ College of Agricultural		
	Engineering sciences		
	BSc. 2010, MSc. 2015 Sulaimani Univ.		
	4. Contact e-mail: aveen.karem@su.edu.krd		
	Tel: (07504515570)		
	5. Time (in hours) per week Practical: 2h. (35) Marks.		
	6. Office hours (6)h. per week		
10 W/ / '	7. Course code		
	very important for life that we cannot imagine life without it. The		
	life itself took place in the water. In the evolution of all kinds of life,		
water has played an important role. The amount of water found in the living beings is			
65 per			
cent and 65 to	cent and 65 to 99 percent in plants. This clearly shows the need and utility of water.		
Water which	is a precious gift of the nature has several uses. Water is very essential		

for the development. It is a matter of great concern for all of us. Besides coordinating the demand and supply of the water, there is a need to keep the balance among different sources of water. Hence conservation of water resources is an essential requirement.

11. Course objective:

Goals of the course or Goals of studying water resources:

The main goals of studying water resources can be summarizing as follow: After studying this lesson, the student will be able to

- 1- Know different sources of water.
- 2- Explain the meaning of water budget.
- 3- Explain the uneven distribution of water.
- 4- Know the utility of water.
- 5- Understand the utility and distribution of different sources of irrigation.
- 6- Locate important river valley projects on the map.
- 7- Explain the need of the water management.
- 8- Explain the impact of flood and draught on the life of the people.
- 9- Explain the meaning of watershed development.
- 10- Explain the methods of conservation of water resources.
- 11-drawing hydrograph.
- 12-Water harvesting and management.

12. Student's obligation:

The student must have an important role:

- 1- The students must contribute in the scientific discussions in the class or teaching hall.
- 2- The students must know the importance of quizzes, homework, reports and exams.
- 3- It is necessary to contribute the student in presentation a scientific subject.

13. Forms of teaching:

There are different forms of teaching:

- 1-Datashow and power point.
- 2- White board.
- 3-Lectures.

14. Assessment scheme

Breakdown of overall assessment and examination:

- 1-Monthly exam 9 marks.
- 2-Quizzes 2 marks.

- 3-Present and contributing in scientific discussions 2 marks.
- 4-Seminar 2 marks.

15. Student learning outcome:

Explaining and training on determining properties of water samples from different water resources, their uses, management, harvesting, classification and drawing hydrographs.

- 16. Course Reading List and References:
 - 1- Groundwater the processes and global significance of aquifer degradation". Google.com. 2003-12-29. doi:10.1098/rstb.2003.1380. Retrieved 2009-03-12.
 - 2- Hoekstra, A.Y. 2006. The Global Dimension of Water Governance: Nine Reasons for Global Arrangements in Order to Cope with Local Problems. Value of Water Research Report Series No. 20 UNESCO-IHE Institute for Water Education.
 - 4- Homer-Dixon, Thomas. "Environment, Scarcity, and Violence." Princeton University Press. (1999).
 - 5- McMahon, T.A. and Finlayson, B.L.; Global Runoff: Continental Comparisons of Annual Flows and Peak Discharges. ISBN 3-923381-27-1
 - 6- Rasler, Karen A. and W. R. Thompson. "Contested Territory, Strategic Rivalries, and Conflict Escalation." International Studies Quarterly. 50. 1. (2006): 145-168.
 - 7- The World's Water 2006-2007 Tables, Pacific Institute". Worldwater.org. Retrieved 2009-03-12.

Magazines:

- 1--American J. of Hydrology.
- 2- Journal of Soil Science.

17. The Topics:	Lecturer's name
1- Introduction: Which includes definition of	
natural resources and water resources in	Dr. Akram Othman Esmail
Kurdistan and the relation between them. The most important water resource in arid and semi-	1 st week or meeting (2) h.
arid region.	Assit. Lect. Aveen S. Kareem
1-Water sampling from different water resources for analysis.	1st week or meeting (2) h

2-Quantity and quality of water resources in Kurdistan Region.	Dr.Akram Othman Esmail 2 nd and 3 rd meeting (4) h.
2-Comparison between TDS, EC and, TSS and pH for water samples taken from springs, rivers and wells.	Assit. Lect. Aveen S. Kareem 2 nd and 3 rd week or meeting (2 h
3-The problems of water in south Kurdistan.	Dr.Akram Othman Esmail
3-Visting to Efraz Project for Studing practical steps of water purification and Jar test in Efraz project lab.	4 th week (2) h. Assit. Lect. Aveen S. Kareem (2) h.
4-Uses of water resources.	Dr.Akram Othman Esmail 5 th meeting (2) h.
4-Vsiting to Dukan or Dohuk Dam.	Assit. Lect. Aveen S. Kareem (2) h.
5-and 6- Classifications of water resources for different purpose especially agricultural purpose.	Dr. Akram Othman Esmail 6 th and 7 th meeting (4) h.
Vesting to Bardarash and Akre for two purposes:	Assit. Lect. Aveen S. Kareem
a- Practical water harvesting for one of MSc students in our department.	(4) h.

b- Vesting to see practically Artesian well.	
7-Water harvesting.	Dr. Akram Othman Esmail
	7 th meeting (2) h.
6- Determining some chemical properties of	Assit. Lect. Aveen S. Kareem
water,	(2) h.
7- and 9- Types of springs and drawing	Dr.Akram Othman Esmail
hydrographs. 8- Vesting to sulphate or hot springs in	8 th and 9 th (4) h.
Smaquli Jali village.	Assit. Lect. Aveen S.
Sampling the water from hot springs then and analysing it.	Kareem (4) h.
10-Definition of hydrograph and factors affecting	Dr.Akram Othman
it.	10 th meeting (2) h.
10- Radar analysis for some of practical results.	Assit. Lect. Aveen S.
	Kareem
	10 th meeting (2) h
11-and 12 - Drawing hydrographs and discussing them.	Dr Akram Othman Esmail
mem.	11 th and 12 th meeting (4) h.
•	Assit. Lect. Aveen S.
11-Determining ionic strength.	Kareem
	11 th meeting (2) h
12- Practical exam.	Assit. Lect. Aveen S.
Practical exam about hydrograph.	Kareem

	12 th meeting (2) h	
13- Dams in Kurdistan region.	Dr. Akram Othman	
Advantage and disadvantage of dams	13 th meeting (2)h.	
13- Analysis of Dam water samples.	13 th meeting (3 Assit. Lect. Aveen S. Kareem (2) h.	
14 and 15- The problems of water resources in	Dr.Akram Othman	
Iraq and Kurdistan region and methods for solving them.	14 th and 15 th (4)h.	
14 and 15-Sdrawing the relation between ionic	Assit. Lect. Aveen S. Kareem	
strength and electrical conductivity for different water resources.	14 th and ^{15th} meeting (4) h	
18 Extra notes: Nothing		
1. Peer review: Approved by Prof. Dr. Yahya Ahmad Shekha.		