

# Soil organic matter

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## ***Carbon in soil***

- Carbon is the main constituent of organic matter and presents in the soil in the form:
  1. Organic C (SOM) consists of:
    - microbial cells.
    - plant and animal residues at various stages of decomposition.
    - stable humus (humic acids, humins) synthesized from residues by microorganisms.
    - highly carbonized compounds (e.g., charcoal, graphite, coal).
  2. Non organic C in form of carbonate, mostly  $\text{CaCO}_3$ .

### ***Importance:***

- It influences:
  - nutrient supply (mainly N, P, S).
  - cation exchange capacity.
  - adsorption of pollutants.
  - infiltration and retention of water.
  - soil structure.
  - soil color.
  - Organic material is essential as a nutrient source for all heterotrophic soil organisms.

## ***SOM analysis***

- Most often SOM content of soils is determined by carbon analysis.
- A conversion factor of 1.724 has been proposed on assumption that 58% of SOM is C.

## ***Methods of analysis***

1. Dry combustion method.
2. Wet digestion method.
3. Loss on ignition method.

### **1- Loss On Ignition Method (LOI)**

- **Principle:**

- The LOI method is based on ignition ( $550 \pm 25$  °C) of a dried ( $105$  °C) soil sample.
- The SOM content is calculated from the mass difference before and after heating.

- **■ Equipment**

- Sieves, 2- or 5-mm mesh size
- Drying oven,  $105 \pm 2$  °C
- Muffle furnace,  $550 \pm 25$  °C
- Analytical balance, accuracy 0.01 g
- crucibles.
- Desiccator.

### **Sample Preparation**

- Use field-moist, sieved ( $< 5$  mm) soil or air-dried, sieved ( $< 2$  mm) soil.

- Dry the soil to 105 °C prior to organic matter determination.

### Procedure

- Heat crucibles  $550 \pm 25$  °C for 20 min, cool in a desiccator and determine tare mass ( $mt$ ) to 0.1 g.
- Weigh 5–20 g (accuracy 0.01 g) of oven-dried (105 °C) soil in crucibles ( $ms$ ).
- Heat in the muffle furnace gradually to  $550 \pm 25$  °C for 2–4 h.
- Open the door and cool the muffle furnace down to 100 °C.
- Place the crucibles/bowls in the desiccator and cool them to room temperature (approx. 1 h).
- Measure the mass of the filled crucibles ( $mc + mt$ ).

### Calculation

- Calculate the loss of mass ( $\Delta m$ ; g) after ignition at 550 °C using the following equation:

$$\Delta m = ms + mt - mc + mt = ms - mc$$

- The LOI( $\Delta m$ ) corresponds to the SOM and can be calculated using the following equation:

$$\text{LOI \%} = \Delta m / ms \times 100$$

- $\Delta m$  loss of mass of the soil after ignition at 550 °C (g)
- $ms$  mass of the soil dried at 105 °C (g)
- $mt$  mass of the crucibles ignited to 550 °C (g)
- $mc$  mass of the soil ignited to 550 °C (g)