

Question bank (LASER AND NANOMEDICIEN)

Lecture (Eman abdulmajed saied)

Q/ Answer the following

1- Ultraviolet laser ranged from ----- nm .

2- Write disadvantage of Acousto-optic switching

3-Write two advantage of LED .

4- what means by SHG

5-Write two difference between laser diode and LED

*6-According to band theory all material have three bands -----,-----
-----,-----*

7- Define Q-Value (quality of resonator)

8- Write 3 primary methods to control laser pulse time .

9- Graphically explain active mode locking.

10-what means by Partial cavity dumping.

*11- Extrinsic semiconductor is -----
-----*

12- if you Know $L=2.5$ m for a laser $\lambda=520$ nm find round tripe time of light

13- Explain Dye Q-switching

14- Defined non-linear optic

15- Graphically explain mechanism of laser diode

*16- Light of wavelength 589 nm is used to view an object under a microscope.
If the aperture of the objective has a diameter of 0.900 cm, what is the limiting
angle of resolution?*

*a- 7.98×10^5 rad. b- 9.78×10^5 rad. c- 7.98×10^4 rad.
d- 8.98×10^5 rad.*

17- Write Sources of loss in side resonator

18- Transmittance of laser mirror between -----

19- coherence is

- 20- Write types of laser mode
- 21- State second Huygens principle
- 22- Write a relation represent radius of curvature (R) at any distance (Z) .
- 23- Write benefit of resonator in any laser instrument
- 24- Drive matrix representation for a beam of light reflected on mirror
- 25- For a system in thermal equilibrium calculate the temperature at which the spontaneous and stimulated emission rates are equal for a wavelength of 500 nm, and the wavelength at which these rates are equal at a temperature of 4000 K.
- 26- Graphically explain the following
- 1-Reducing laser band width by reflectivity of resonator mirrors.
 - 2-Elctro-optical (E-O)Q-switches.
 - 3- Transverse modes for(TEM_{00} , TEM_{63} , TEM_{05})

Answer the following questions:-

- 27- The intensity of radiation equal to ----- .
- 28-The gain medium is substance which can be -----,-----or -----,-----.
- 29- Laser is widely used as tools in imaging diagnosis (give example).
- 30- Explain temporal and regular coherence by drawing three waves.
- 31- Write two applications of polarizations in medicine.
- 32- Draw close-coupling pump.
- 33- Write equation of Gaussian profile in polar coordinate (explain parameters)
- 34-energy losses by an exited atom can be performed in two basic ways -----,-----.
- 35- Write equation of 1- Stefan Boltzmann equation
- 2- Maximum gain
- 36- Laser is
- 37- Explain pumping mechanism of ammonia maser.

38- Write two application of light in medicine.

39- What means by glow discharge explain?

40- The length of optical cavity in CO2 laser 50 cm. the emitted wavelength is 10.6 μm . Calculate

1- Gain coefficient. 2- Frequency. 3-Photon energy 4- $ZR(w_0=150\mu\text{m})$.

41- Draw energy diagram of three and four level system.

42- (Required pumping rate of 4 level systems is lower than 3 level system) explain the statement using Rate equation.

43/ Choose correct answer

1- A transparent medium has an index of refract that is -----.

(a) less than 1 (b) equal to 1 (c) greater than 1 (d) any of a above.

2- Irradiance unit is -----.

(a) watt/m² (b) watt/m.sec (c) watt.sec/m² (d) joule/m².

3- In femtosecond laser thermal vaporization accrue after -----.

(a) 1ns (b) 1Ps (c) 100 ns (d) ~ms .

4- When laser irradiance tumor tissue ,including gold nanoparticle a ----- is generate.

(a) photoablation (b) photothermal (c) photochemical (d) plasma-induced

5- ----- is an optical device that exhibited an intensity depend transition

(a) passive Q-switching (b) dye mode locking (c) saturable absorber (d) saturable gain

6- Mode locking used to produced ----- pulses.

(a) 10⁻⁹-10⁻¹² (b) 10⁻¹²-10⁻¹⁵ (c) 10⁻¹⁵-10⁻¹⁸ (d) 10⁻³-10⁻⁶

7- Rate of energy flow in every pulse called .

(a) average power (b) input power (c) peak power (d) output power

8- cooling tissue by radio frequency used for -----

(a) increased epidermis thickness (b) compact collagen (c) treatment low and high absorption (d)

all above

Q44/Complete the following:

1- Longer intervals between the pulse help to -----

2- LIBS is acronym of -----

3- defined duty cycle -----

4- Q-switching used in solid state laser because -----

5- state bifrings material -----

6- in micro pulse laser micro crack produced by the effect of -----

7- kerr cell no longer used in E-O Q-switching because ----- and -----

8- Pulse beam creates ----- effect on the target ,that destroyed ----- material like ---
----- and -----

Q45/put (YES) or(NO)

Properties Type	High cost	Vibration	Noise	Addition instrument e.g (motor,crystal,....)
Mechanical Q-switching				
E-O Q-switching				
A-O Q-switching				
Dye Q-switching				

46-Explain homogenous broadening in gas laser.

47-Write equation represents photo life time

48- Diffracted limited spot size equal to ----- .

49- Write properties of light (only five).

50- What means by Transverse magnetic modes

51- Find beam diameter of laser at distance 5m if you know the following

($\phi=2.74^\circ$, $w_0=1\text{mm}$, $\lambda=514\text{ nm}$, beam diameter at $w_0=3\text{mm}$)

52- By drawing explain reducing laser bandwidth by using prism inside resonator.

53- Lasers are widely used as tools in imaging (give example)

54-Write relation between (I_{sat}) and angular frequency.

55- Explain exotic pumping.

56-non-radiative decay live time of atom in the rang ----- while radiative decay in the rang -----.

57- MIRACL is acronym of -----

58- Generally electrical pumping used for----- while optical pumping used for ----

59-draw energy level diagram for three level laser system.

60- State Black body's (Briefly).

61-Maching

Lasers	wavelengths /nm
Ruby laser	694
Nd-YAG	1064
GaAs	632.8
CO ₂	905
He-Ne	10600
	11750
	964

62- Draw close coupling optical pumping laser.