

SLUICE GATE

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It is a special problem of orifice flow is that of the two – dimensional sluice gate, in which jet contraction only on the top of the jet and pressure distribution in the vena contract is hydrostatic. Assuming an ideal fluid, and

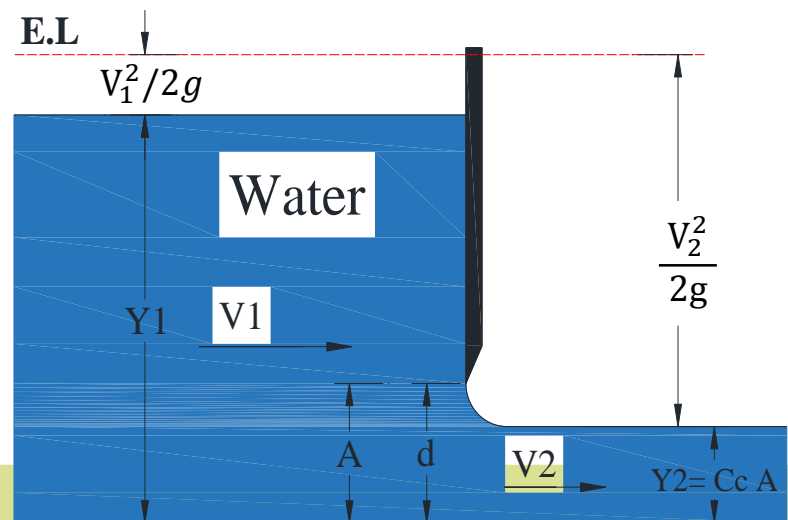
Applying Bernoulli equation between 1 and 2

$$\frac{P_1}{\gamma} + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + Z_1 = \frac{P_2}{\gamma} + \frac{V_2^2}{2g} + Z_2$$

$$\frac{V_1^2}{2g} + y_1 = \frac{V_2^2}{2g} + y_2 \dots \dots \dots \mathbf{1}$$

$$q = \frac{Q}{B} ; y_1 V_1 = y_2 V_2 \quad \Rightarrow$$

$$V_1 = V_2 \frac{y_2}{y_1} \dots \dots \dots \mathbf{2}$$



Substituting equation 2 in 1

$$y_1 - y_2 = \frac{V_2^2 - V_2^2 \left(\frac{y_2}{y_1}\right)^2}{2g} \Rightarrow 2g(y_1 - y_2) = V_2^2 \left[1 - \left(\frac{y_2}{y_1}\right)^2\right]$$

$$V_2^2 = \frac{2g(y_1 - y_2)}{\left[1 - \left(\frac{y_2}{y_1}\right)^2\right]} \Rightarrow V_2 = \sqrt{\frac{2g(y_1 - y_2)}{\left[1 - \left(\frac{y_2}{y_1}\right)^2\right]}} \dots\dots\dots \mathbf{3}$$
 is the theoretical velocity

The actual velocity is obtained by multiplying the above eq. by C_v

$$V_{2actu} = C_v \sqrt{\frac{2g(y_1 - y_2)}{\left[1 - \left(\frac{y_2}{y_1}\right)^2\right]}} \quad ; \quad q_{act} = V_{2actu} A = V_{2actu} y_2$$

Flow rate is obtained by multiplying the result by $(C_c A)$.

The flow rate through the sluice is

$$q_{actu} = C_V y_2 \sqrt{\frac{2g(y_1 - y_2)}{\left[1 - \left(\frac{y_2}{y_1}\right)^2\right]}} \dots\dots\dots 4$$

But $y_2 = C_C d$

$$\therefore q_{actu} = C_V C_C d \sqrt{\frac{2g(y_1 - y_2)}{\left[1 - \left(\frac{y_2}{y_1}\right)^2\right]}} ; C_V C_C = C_d$$

$$\therefore q_{actu} = C_d d \sqrt{\frac{2g(y_1 - y_2)}{\left[1 - \left(\frac{y_2}{y_1}\right)^2\right]}} \dots\dots\dots 5$$

*If the depth y_1 becomes large compared to y_2 the equation for actual discharge will be

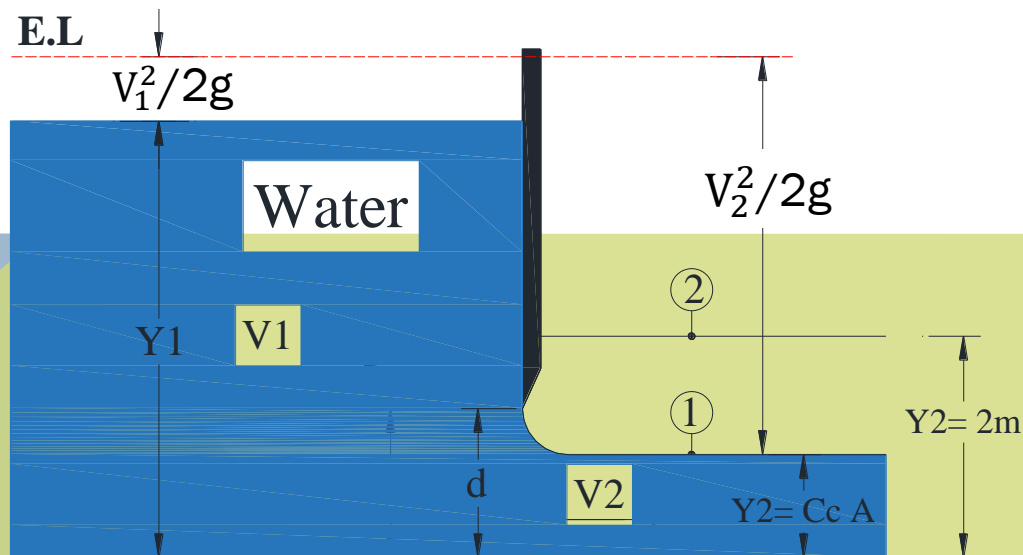
$$q_{actu} = C_d d \sqrt{2g(y_1 - y_2)}$$

Example: Determine the discharge per unit width of water passing through a sluice gate if the depth of water upstream the gate is 10 m and the opening of the gate is 1 m, then determine the discharge if the gate is submerged and the depth of water downstream the gate is 2 m; $C_d = 0.6$; $C_c = 0.61$

Solution:

$$y_2 = C_c d = 0.61 * 1 = 0.61 \text{ m}$$

$$q_{actu} = C_d d \sqrt{\frac{2g(y_1 - y_2)}{\left[1 - \left(\frac{y_2}{y_1}\right)^2\right]}} = 0.6 * 1 \sqrt{\frac{2g(10 - 0.61)}{\left[1 - \left(\frac{0.61}{10}\right)^2\right]}} = 8.1575 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{sec} \cdot \text{m}}$$



For submerged case:- Use equation 4

$$q_{actu} = C_V y_2 \sqrt{\frac{2g(y_1 - y_2)}{\left[1 - \left(\frac{y_2}{y_1}\right)^2\right]}} ;$$

$$C_V = \frac{C_d}{C_c} = \frac{0.6}{0.61} = 0.9836$$

$$q_{actu} = 0.9836 * 2 \sqrt{\frac{2g(10 - 2)}{\left[1 - \left(\frac{2}{10}\right)^2\right]}} = 25.15 \frac{m^3}{sec \cdot m}$$

Note: For non-submerged gate use eq. 5 , C_C , C_d
For submerged gate use eq. 4, C_V