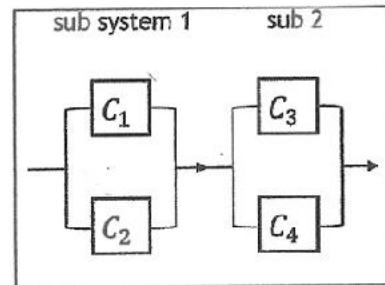


3- Mixed Connection

A- series-parallel

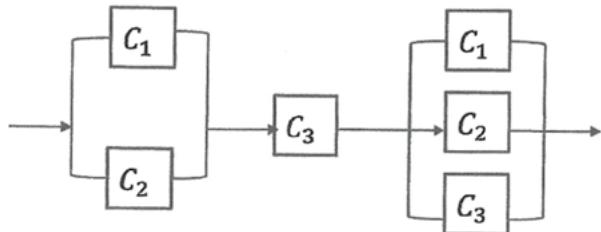
System



$$\begin{aligned} R_{s1}(t) &= 1 - (1 - R_1(t))(1 - R_2(t)) \\ &= R_1(t) + R_2(t) - R_1(t)R_2(t) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} R_{s2}(t) &= 1 - (1 - R_3(t))(1 - R_4(t)) \\ &= R_3(t) + R_4(t) - R_3(t)R_4(t) \end{aligned}$$

Example :- What is the probability that the system show below will operate with out failure for 10000 h.



Where : $\lambda_1 = 10^{-7}$, $\lambda_2 = 0.5 * 10^{-7}$, $\lambda_3 = 0.8 * 10^{-7}$

Solution:

$$R_{s1}(t) = R_1(t) + R_2(t) - R_1(t)R_2(t)$$

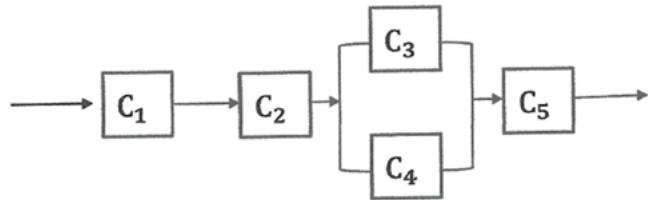
$$R_{s2}(t) = R_3(t)$$

$$\begin{aligned} R_{s3}(t) &= 1 - \prod_{i=1}^3 (1 - R_i(t)) \\ &= 1 - [(1 - R_1(t))(1 - R_2(t))(1 - R_3(t))] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 R_s(t) &= R_{s1}(t) * R_{s2}(t)^* R_{s3}(t) \\
 &= [R_1 + R_2 - R_1 R_2]^* R_3^* [1 - (1 - R_1)(1 - R_2)(1 - R_3)] \\
 &= [e^{-\lambda_1 t} + e^{-\lambda_2 t} - e^{-(\lambda_1 + \lambda_2)t}]^* e^{-\lambda_3 t} [1 - (1 - e^{-\lambda_1 t})(1 - e^{-\lambda_2 t})(1 - e^{-\lambda_3 t})]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 R_s(10000) &= [e^{-10^{-7} \cdot 10^4} + e^{-0.5 \cdot 10^{-7} \cdot 10^4} - e^{-(10^{-7} + 0.5 \cdot 10^{-7}) \cdot 10^4}] e^{-0.8 \cdot 10^{-7} \cdot 10^4} \\
 &\quad * [1 - (1 - e^{-10^{-7} \cdot 10^4}) (1 - e^{-0.5 \cdot 10^{-7} \cdot 10^4}) (1 - e^{-0.8 \cdot 10^{-7} \cdot 10^4})] \\
 &= (0.999 + 0.9995 - 0.9985) * 0.9992 * (1 - 0.001 * 0.0005 * 0.0008) \\
 &= 0.9992 = 99.9\% \text{ approximately}
 \end{aligned}$$

Example 2 //



$$\text{If } \lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = \lambda_3 = \lambda_4 = \lambda_5 = 0.01$$

$$\text{Find } R_s(t), R_s(t=20)$$

Solution:-

$$R_{s1} = R_1(t)$$

$$R_{s2} = R_2(t)$$

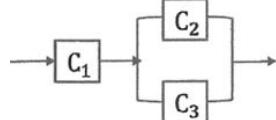
$$\begin{aligned}
 R_{s3} &= 1 - \prod_{i=3}^4 (1 - R_i(t)) = 1 - (1 - R_3(t))(1 - R_4(t)) \\
 &= R_3(t) + R_4(t) - R_3(t) R_4(t)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$R_{s4}(t) = R_5(t)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 R_s(t) &= R_{s1}(t) * R_{s2}(t) * R_{s3}(t) * R_{s4}(t) \\
 &= R_1(t) * R_2(t) * (R_3(t) + R_4(t) - R_3(t) R_4(t)) * R_5(t) \\
 &= e^{-\lambda t} * e^{-\lambda t} * (e^{-\lambda t} + e^{-\lambda t} - e^{-(\lambda+\lambda)t}) * e^{-\lambda t} \\
 &= e^{-3\lambda t} * (2 e^{-\lambda t} - e^{-2\lambda t}) = 2 e^{-4\lambda t} - e^{-5\lambda t}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 R_s(t = 20) &= 2e^{-4*0.01*20} - e^{-5*0.01*20} \\
 &= 2e^{-0.8} - e^{-1}
 \end{aligned}$$

Example 3// three (3) independently working components are connected into a system as:



Suppose that the reliability for each component for an operation period of t -hour is given by $R(t) = e^{-0.03t}$. If t is the time to failure find :

1. p.d.f of t
2. $R_s(t)$