## Question Bank (Principle of economic)

Q1/ If the price of a particular commodity has risen from (100 \$) to (125 \$) and this led to a cons tan in the required quantity of $(1,000)$ units to $(1,000)$ units, required: Calculate the Elasticity of demand price and explain the kind of it and draw that kind Of Flexibility? Q2/ If the income decreases from \$ 300 to $\$ 200$ and the required amount of 50 to 30 units, what is the amount of elasticity of the income demand, and explain the kinds of good?

Q3/ If you have the following data?
$Q d=50-3 P$
$\mathrm{Qs}=2 \mathrm{P}$

| P (\$) | Qd | Qs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 | 2 | 32 |
| 14 | 8 | 28 |
| 12 | 14 | 24 |
| 10 | 20 | 20 |
| 8 | 26 | 16 |
| 6 | 32 | 12 |
| 4 | 38 | 8 |
| 2 | 44 | 4 |
| 0 | 50 | 0 |

## Required:

1- Find the equilibrium price ( $\bar{P}$ ).
2 - Find the equilibrium quantity ( $\bar{Q}$ ).
3 - At what price is the surplus in supply?

4- At what price is there excess demand?
5 - At the price of $(\$ 6)$, what is the excess demand?
6 - At the price of $(\$ 4)$, what is the amount of surplus demand?
7 - At the price of (\$12), what is the surplus supply?
8 - At the price of (\$14), what is the surplus supply?
9 - Draw the supply curve ( Sc ) and the demand curve ( dc ) and determine the equilibrium price ( $\bar{P}$ ) and the equilibrium quantity ( ${ }^{\bar{Q}}$ ) in this figure.
Q4/ If you have the following data about the required and offered quantities and their prices as shown below?
(20 Marks)
$\mathrm{Qd}=100-6 \mathrm{P}$
$\mathrm{Qs}=4 \mathrm{P}$

| P (\$) | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Qd | 70 | 60 | 50 | 40 | 30 | 20 | 10 |
| QS | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 |

## Required

Find the equilibrium ? 2-Find the equilibrium Quantity $(\bar{Q})$ ?
1- price ( $\bar{P}$ )
3- At what price is the surplus in supply? 4- At what price is there excess demand?
Q5/ Put a mark (true) or false in front of the following statements, and then correct the error?
1-The economic problem confronts the individual as a consumer, but does not confront him if he acts as a producer.

2-Is the elasticity of demand for a good with fewer substitutes greater than for a good with fewer substitutes.
3-Macroeconomics studies the economic phenomena related to the individual and projects.

4- Services are intangible goods.

5-Economic activities include production, exchange, distribution, investment and consumption.

Q6/ Complete the blank fields in the table of fixed and variable costs units, and then draw only the average costs curves?

| Quantity | FC | VC | TC | AFC | AVC | ATC | MC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 20 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 20 | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 20 | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 20 | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 20 | 28 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 20 | 40 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | 20 | 54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 20 | 72 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | 20 | 98 |  |  |  |  |  |

Q7/ What do we mean by supply and what are the most important factors influencing it, explain it in detail? Q8/ Compare all of the following in an economical manner?
1-Free Goods and Economic Goods 2-Microeconomics and Macroeconomics

3- Wants and Needs
Q9/ What do we mean by demand and what are the most important factors affecting it, explain them in detail?
Q10/ Why is economics a social science, explain that in the light of your scientific knowledge?
Q11/ If you have the following data?

| $\frac{P Y}{30}$ | $\frac{Q d}{120}$ | $\frac{Y}{100}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | 80 | 200 |

## Required

1-Find the income elasticity of demand (EDY) and the quality of the commodity?
2- Find the cross elasticity of demand (EDC) and the quality of the two commodities?

