

Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific research



Directorate of Quality Assurance and Accreditation

**Department of Biology**  
**College of education**  
**Salahaddin University-Erbil**  
**Subject: invertebrate (Practic)(6hr/week)**  
**Course Book-(Year:2)**  
**Lecturer's Name:Ass.Lecturer Jwan Dilshad**  
**Tawfiq**  
**Academic Year: 2021/2022**

the classification orders are: (King—cm, p?røum, czss, **order, family, genus, and species**

And also there are (super and sub) in between the orders.

The invertebrates range from the simplest (phylum: Protozoa) to the most complicated (phylum: Echinodermata). Also in the course we will take examples of each classified order, after that we study the characteristics, morphology, habitat, Anatomy : (Structures and their functions), Nutrition, Respiration, Excretion, Reproduction, life cycle, Visual aids that give information of life cycle if possible, we also take samples, and study their behaviours, movements, and their importance and roles in life for example: some of them cause diseases some have economic importance, and some will transport causes of disease.

This does not only provide the student with detailed instructions, lucid descriptions and elaborate drawings of the sample he/she examines, thus helping him/her to make perfect dissections and proper scientific drawing , but also aids them to identify the organisms and their role in the pyramid of life.

#### 11. Course objective:

This course is aiming to **achieve several** objectives which are :-

1-To learn how to identify/ the invertebrate organisms their characteristics and it provides a guide helping the students to identify and review the concepts of invertebrate organism science. 2-To know how to draw the shape of the invertebrate organism and label its body parts and organs and their functions.

3-To develop critical thinking skills by reviewing journal articles, references , and survey information on invertebrates and by doing experiments and examining samples in the lab for preparing reports. 4-To give general information and principles through the study of structure and functions of each

## Course Book

1. Course name	Practical Invertebrate (lab)
2. Lecturer in charge	Mrs Jwan Dilshad Tofiq
3. Department/ College	Biology Dept./ College of Education
4. Contact	e-mail: <a href="mailto:jwan.tawfiq@su.edu.krd">jwan.tawfiq@su.edu.krd</a>
5. Time (in hours) per week	Practical:12h / 2 for each group
6. Office hours	6

7. Course code	
8. Teacher's academic profile	I graduated in Salahaddin University from college of Education in Biology Department in 1988, my Msc degree was in Salahaddin University college of science/Biology Department in microbiology (ISOLATION AND IDENTIFICATION OF Staphylococcus aureus FROM FOOD AND FOODHANDLERS IN HOSPITALS OF ARBIL CITY)
9. Keywords	
10. Course overview:  Practical invertebrate course is a study of the taxonomy and classification of invertebrate animals. Preserved animals will be utilized for learning the taxonomic relationships between various marine invertebrates. Laboratory periods will be used to study selected behavioural and anatomical characteristics of selected	
type of invertebrate organisms. The main objective is to gain knowledge and understanding of the invertebrate organisms and their lifecycle, Anatomy (structures and organs and their functions), behaviour, habitat, nutrition, reproduction, movement, and their roles and functions in life and relations which helps the students for their researches.	
12. Student's obligation Every student which is a member of academic community has the right to participate in lab discussions and express their knowledge and they should be treated with respect and dignity and their ideas should be taken with respect by helping them to get the correct information in the right way, every student has the right to learn but alongside the rights they also have responsibilities such as class attendance and they should attend every class and they should prepare their homework before coming to class and study for the tests ,examinations, and lab reports.	

### 13. Forms of teaching

Several type of teaching will be used:

1. Giving an abstract of the former lab lecture with daily/weekly quizzes.
2. Teacher notes including all information on the studied invertebrate and also labelled morphological and life cycle line diagrams on the board.
3. Power point lectures to:
  - a. Acquiring information on invertebrate's morphology and structure...
  - b. To get best knowledge on the invertebrate life cycle and their habitat.
4. Classroom discussion will done about the studied invertebrate including structure, morphology, habitat, life cycle, information about the methods of invertebrate diagnosis,

### 14. Assessment scheme

Every student must have two examinations (each on 5 marks), one at the mid of the semester, and the other before the end, Question will come in this form :

Definitions, short answer, comparison, Labelling, Identifying Slides and samples, Drawing structures, Classifications, characteristics, and functions of structures. The weekly quizzes with presence of student activity in laboratory also taken into account by (3 marks) for all. As well as the final exam of the course will be on 20 marks.

(Mean of two examinations) + (weekly quizzes+ activity) = 13%

Final examination: 20%

Final Grade of the student: 33%

**15. Student learning outcome:**

- \*Understand the Characteristics of invertebrates
- \*Understand and being able to describe life system of invertebrates and their relationships with other organisms and its environment
- \*Be aware of the role of Invertebrates and their benefits and harms
- \*Knowing how to write reports on invertebrates
- \*Knowing the role of the invertebrates as food chain
- \*Knowing the organelle functions at cellular level of cell
- \*Demonstrate understanding of growth of Invertebrates
- \*Knowing relationships between invertebrates and other vertebrate organisms
- \*Knowing about the stages of the invertebrate life cycles and their mode of nutrition and habitat of each stage
- \*Knowing the types of invertebrates which play role in economic level
- \*Knowing the types of invertebrates which play role in industrial level
- \*Knowing how to draw Scientific Drawing and labeling with description
- \*To know how to express their ideas and discuss the ideas
- \*To know how to use lab devices (tools) like microscopes, slides, lenses , ...etc \*To know how to do critical thinking .

**16. Course Reading List and References:**

- 1- Keith, D. E. (2006). Invertebrate Zoology Laboratory Manual, Tarleton State University, Biological Sciences, 60 p.
- 2- Hickman ,C.P. ; Hickman, F.M. and Kats ,L. (1997). Laboratory Studies in Integrated Principles of Zoology . 9th edition .Mc Graw-Hill Companies .1NC .New York.
- 3- Hickman,C.P. and Larson, A. ( 1998 ). Integrated Principles of Zoology. 11 edition. Mc Graw-Hill Companies .1NC .New York.
- 4- Ruppert, E. E., R. S. Fox, and R. D. Barnes (2004). Invertebrate Zoology, 7th ed., Thompson Brooks/Cole Publ.
- 5- [www.google.com](http://www.google.com)

**17. The Topics:**

Course programme

Week 1: introduction to invertebrate

Week 2: Phylum: Sarcomastigophora

I. Super class: Sarcodina (Rhizopoda)

Class: Rhizopodea                      Ex:

Amoeba sp.

Entamoeba  
histolytica  
Entamoeba coli

2. Superclass: Mastigophora

1. Class: Zoomastigophora

Trypanosoma  
brucei gambiense  
Trypanosoma brucei  
rhodesiense  
Trypanosoma cruzi

2. Class: Phytomastigophorea

Ex: Euglena sp.

Phylum: Sporozoa (Apicomplexa)  
ex: Plasmodium sp.

Week 3: Phylum: Ciliophora Paramecium

sp.

Vorticella sp.



Balantidium  
coli Opalina sp.

Week4: Phylum:Porifera

Leucosolenia sp.  
Sycon sp.  
Euspongia sp.

Week 5: Phylum: Cnidaria  
(Coelentrata)

1. Class Hydrozoa Ex:

Hydra sp

Week 6: Obelia sp.

2. Class :  
Scyphozoa(Scyphomedusae)  
Aurelia aurita Week 7:

3. Class: Actinozoa  
A.Order: Alcyonaria  
(Octoradiata);  
Alcyonium sp.:  
B. Order: Zoantharia  
(Hexaradiata)  
Metridium sp.

Stony corals

Family: faviidae Favia

sp.

Family: Pocilloporidae

Stylophora sp.

Family: Meandrinidae

Eusmilia sp.

Week 8: Phylum: platyhelminthes

1/Class: Turbellaria

Planaria sp.

Week 9: Phylum: Platyhelminthes

2/class: Trematode example;

Fasciola hepatica; Schistosoma sp.; Fasciolopsis buski; and  
Paragonimus westermani.

Week 10: Phylum: Platyhelminthes

3/ Class: Cestoda, example; Taenia saginata; Taenia solium

Week 11: Phylum: Nematelminthes

1. Order: Ascaridida, example; Ascaris lumbricoides  
(Abdomen ke)

2. Order: Oxyurida, example; Enterobius vermicularis  
(Pinworm)

Week 12: Phylum: Annelida (segmented worm)

1. Class: polychaeta  
Nereis virens

2. Class: Oligochaeta  
Lumbricus terrestris

3. Class : Hirudinea  
Hirudo medicinalis

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Week13: Phylum: Arthropoda

1. Class: Crustacea, example; Crayfish, Crab, Copepod, Daphnia, and Shrimp

Week14: Phylum: Arthropoda

3. Class: Arachnida, example; Spiders, Scorpion, Mites and Ticks. *Limulus* sp.

Week15: Phylum: Arthropoda

3. Class: Insect, example; *Pediculus humanus*, Locust
4. Class: Chilopoda, example; *Scolopendra* sp.
5. Class: Diplopoda, example; *Julus* sp.

Week16: Phylum: Mollusca

1. Class: Amphineura, example; *Chiton* sp.
2. Class: Scaphopoda, example; *Dentalium entale*
3. Class: Gastropoda, example; snail, slugs, whelks, conch

Week17: Phylum: Mollusca

4. Class: Cephalopoda, example; squids, cuttlefishes, octopods, nautili
5. Class: Pelecypoda, example; clams, mussels, oysters, scallops

Week18: Phylum: Echinodermata

1. Class: Asterozoa, example; *Asterias* sp. (sea star)
2. Class: Ophiurozoa, example; *Ophiura* sp. (sea serpent)

Week19: Phylum: Echinodermata

3. Class: Echinozoa, example; *Arbacia* sp. (sea urchin)
4. Class: Holothurozoa, example; *Cucumaria* sp. (sea cucumber)

Week20: Phylum: Echinodermata

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5. Class: Crinoidea, example; <u>Antedon</u> sp. (sea lily)	
18. Practical Topics (If there is any)	
<p>19. Examinations: Examination Samples:</p> <p>Q1. Diagnose the given sample / or slide.</p> <p>Q2. Classify Hydar sp</p> <p>Q3: Draw and label the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Pennaria sp.</li><li>2. Metridium sp.</li></ol> <p>Q4: Write the main characteristics of the following:</p> <p>Aurelia sp.</p>	



Vorticella sp.

Q5 what is the name of diseases that are caused by:-

- a- Trypanosoma b - Plasmodium

Q6/ where is the habitat of :-

- a- Earth worm
- b- Octopus c - Ascaris d- Fasciola

Q7/ write the classification of:-

- a- Obelia b - Taenia

Q8/ Draw and label (paramecium)

Q9/What are differences between the scolex of taenia solium and taenia saginata?

QI 0/ What are the functions of a- Chanocytes b- Blastostyle c- Hyrdanth d- Nematoblasts.	
20. Extra notes:	
21. Peer review	پیداچونہوہی ھاوہل