Illustration lab. 4th stage Collage of Education / Shaqlawa Department of Physics

Choose the right answer:

Notice: 5 marks for each question.

1. The transistor is:

- a) Light diode
- b) Two diode
- c) Photo cell
- d) Switch
- e) None of above

2. The following circuit is a:

- a) Rectifier
- b) IC circuit
- c) Galvanometer
- d) Ammeter
- e) Voltmeter



3. The speed of sound at (-300)°C is about:

- a) 1458m/sec
- b) $4.4m/sec^2$
- c) 4.4m/sec
- d) 1458km/sec
- e) Wrong question

- 4. If the density of 1kg of water is 1000Kg/m³, then the density of 1000kg of water will be:
 - a) 100000kg/m³
 - b) 1000kg/m^{3}
 - c) $1 \text{kg/m}^{\overline{3}}$
 - d) $0.001 kg/m^3$
 - e) $0.00001 kg/m^3$

5. The right image of the object is:



6. According to the pendulum principles, the value of (g) will increases with:

- a) Increasing of (l)
- b) Increasing of (T)
- c) Increasing of (T^2)
- d) High from the sea level
- e) Increasing of ground density

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GOOD LUCK

Mr.Kasim Fawzy Ahmed	&	Mr.Hersh Ahmed Khizir

My name is



1. The Rainbow is a:

- a) Colors phenomenon that is caused by reflection, refraction and dispersion of light in the sky.
- b) Electromagnetically phenomenon that is caused by reflection, refraction and dispersion of light in water droplets resulting in a spectrum of light appearing in the sky.
- c) Meteorological phenomenon that is caused by reflection, refraction and dispersion of light in water droplets resulting in a spectrum of light appearing in the sky.
- d) Meteorological phenomenon that is caused by reflection, refraction and dispersion of heat in water droplets resulting in a spectrum of light appearing in the sky.

2. The speed of sound at (-20)°C is about:

- a) 1197km/sec
- b) 1235.578km/hr
- c) 332.512m/sec²
- d) 343.216m/sec
- e) Wrong question

3. If the density of 1kg of water is 1000Kg/m³, then the density of 1000kg of water will be:

- a) $0.000001 kg/m^3$
- b) 0.001kg/m^3
- c) 1kg/m³
- d) $1000 kg/m^3$
- e) 1000000kg/m³

4. According to the pendulum principles, the value of (g) will increases with:

- *a)* High from the sea level
- b) Increasing of (T)
- c) Increasing of ground density
- *d*) Increasing of (T^2)
- *e)* Increasing of (*l*)
- 5. This physics instrument is called:
 - a) Spectrometer
 - b) Travelling Microscope
 - c) Fixed Microscope
 - d) Spectroscope



- 6. A wire made of a copper alloy is 5 m in length and has a cross-sectional area 1 mm². Its resistance is 0.15 Ω ., The resistivity of this alloy is:
 - a) 3.0×10^{-8} Ω . m
 - b) $30\times 10^{\text{-8}}~\Omega.~m$
 - c) $300 \times 10^{-8} \Omega$
 - d) $3.0 \times 10^{-8} \Omega$
- 7. Light has the lowest velocity in which medium?

flint glass n=1.70, barium glass n=1.60, crown glass n=1.523, diamond n=2.45

- a) Diamond
- b) crown glass
- c) flint glass
- d) barium glass

8. The (en.wikipedia.org) is a:

- a) largest and most-popular web-based general books on the Internet
- b) Web-based, physics-content only that is based on a model of openly editable content. It is the largest and most-popular general reference work on the Internet
- c) Web-based, free-content encyclopedia that is based on a model of openly editable content. It is the largest and most-popular general reference work on the Internet.
- d) largest and most-popular web-based university on the Internet

9. Find the second image:



10.My best physics' Android/IOS Apps on Google Play/apple is:

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GOOD LUCK

Mr.Kasim Fawzy Ahmed

Mr.Hersh Ahmed Khizir



resistance: (6 marks) R(Ω) 10 12 6 00 Ν 0.00 0.10R=11.313Ω 0.20 0.30 0.40 L2/L1 0.50 y = 11.313x + 0.0799 0.60 $R^2 = 0.9994$ R(<u>Ω</u>) 10 9 ∞ σ ъ 4 ω Ν Р -0.70 _1(cm) 47 44 41 38 34 30 26 21 14 ∞ 0.80 L2(cm) 92 53 98 56 59 62 66 74 70 79 0.90 12/11 0.89 0.16 0.09 0.79 0.69 0.52 0.43 0.35 0.27 0.61 1.0000 Stuff of the Instrumentation Physics Lab.: 1. Dr. Kasim Fawzy Ahmed 2. Dr. Diyar Ali Rasool 3. Dr. Kadhim Qasim Jabbar 4. Mrs. Khadija Najmdeen Abdulla

Q3/ From Wheatstone bridge, use the following data to determine the value of the unknown

1) The galvanometer has following applications:

A- It is used for detecting the of current flows in the circuit.

B- It is used for measuring the

2) Write the electrical circuit of the following Ohmmeter:



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