Ministry of Higher Edu. & Sc. Res. College of Science Department of Chemistry Subject: Heterocyclic compounds.



## QUESTION BANK IN HETEROCYLIC COMPOUNDS / 4<sup>TH</sup> YEAR 2022-2023

Q1/ I- Define the following terms:

Heterocyclic Compounds, Heteroatoms, Five-member rings compounds, six-member rings compounds, three-member rings compounds

Q2/ Write the structure of the following names.

Coumarin, Pyridazine, Monobactam, oxacyclohexane, 2,3-dihydroazete, thiadizole

Q3/ Complete the following reactions:



Q4/ I- write the mechanism of the following:

i- Paal Knorr synthesis of furan



Q5/ prepare the following products by reactions

- a- Cephalosporin from 3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-6-(2-phenoxyacetamido)-4-thia-1-azabicyclo
  - [3.2.0] heptane-2-carboxylic acid (1)



b- Aziridine from Oxirane

Q6/ What is the principle of Hantzsch-Widman Nomenclature?

## Q7/MCQ

- 1- Which of following is five membered heterocyclic compounds?
  - a- Pyrrole b- furan c- thiophene c- all of them
- 2- In pyrrole and pyridine, the number of electrons that the N atom contributes to n-system is
- 3- Which of the following is five about the membered rings? not true Five membered 4 a) rings stable than membered rings are more Five b) membered rings stable than 6 membered rings are more Five membered rings 7 membered rings c) are more stable than d) Five membered rings are more stable than 8 membered rings
- 4- Which of the following is a not a five membered ring?
  a-Pyridine
  b-Pyrrole
  - c-Furan
  - d-Thiophene

5/ Five membered rings come under which category of heterocycle classification on the basis of chemical behavior?

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a-excessive heterocycleb-deficient heterocyclec-equivalent heterocycled-Can't say about the five membered rings

## Q6/ Write the name of the following compounds



Q7/ write the reaction and mechanism of Gattermann reaction.

Q8/ Fill the following gaps with the correct words

- I- In replacement nomenclature, the heterocycle's name is composed of the carbocycle's name and a prefix that denotes the ....., thus, ".....", "....", and ".....", are prefixes for a nitrogen ring atom, an oxygen ring atom, and a sulfur ring atom, respectively.
- II- Notice that heterocyclic rings are numbered so that the ..... has the lowest possible number.
- III- The three-membered heterocyclic compounds with ...... hetero atom have been known for a long time and are important from the ..... and mechanistic point of view.
- IV- The bond angles in all these systems fall far below the ideal ..... tetrahedral bond angle and therefore .....
- Q9/ Prepare Oxirane form an alkene ( by chemical reaction)
- Q10/ what is the product of the Epoxidation of Ethylene?

Q11/ How are Heterocyclic compounds classified?

Q12/ Give the Structure of two five-membered heterocyclics with numbering used for IUPAC nomenclature.

Q13/ Name the following compounds



Q14/ Write the structure of the following names

Cephalosporin, Pyridazine, oxazole, pyran, purine

Q15/ 1- Classify the antibiotics which act as inhibitors of cell wall synthesis

- 2- Antibiotics are .....
- b. On spectrum of action antibiotics of ..... antibiotics of .....
- c. On clinical use .....

Q16/ I- write the reaction of the following

- 1- The Gabriel ring closure for aziridine
- 2- Epoxidation of an alkene

Q17/ prepare penicillin G from the t-butyl  $\alpha$ -phtaliminomalonaldehyde (A)



Q17 / I-Fill the following gaps with correct words

- 1- Hetero-atoms are those .....
- 2- Aziridine and its derivatives are produced commercially and are employed in ....., coating and in the ..... industries.
- 3- The antibiotics of protein synthesis inhibitors acting on ribosomal subunit 50S are a....., b ....., and c.....
- 4- Ketorolac (Toradol, Roche) is an analgesic and ..... drug

Q18/ Write the name the following compounds according to IUPAC nomenclature



Q19/ Draw the structure of the following chemical names

Coumarin, purine, carbapenem, thiirane, benzo[b]pyridine

Q20/ write the reactions of Hassner Synthesis

Q21/ write the reactions of Chichibabin reaction

Q22/ Prove that pyridine is more stable than benzene

Q23/ write the all-possible products for the reaction mechanism of pyridine toward nucleophilic and electrophilic substitution reaction, and which position-attack is more stable and favor.



Q24/ Prepare Ampicillin from t-butyl  $\alpha$ -phtaliminomalonaldehyde (1)



Q25/ Prepare Ranitidine from furfural.



Q26/ Complete the following reactions:



Q 27/ Define the following items

- 1- Heterocyclic compounds.
- 2- Antibiotics.
- 3- Heteroatoms.

Q28/ Name the following compounds according to replacement nomenclature



Q29/ Write the structure of the following names

pyridine, benzo[b]furan, Monobactam, oxacyclohexane, oxirane

Q30 / write the reactions (all steps) of the following:

The Gabriel ring closure for aziridine

Q31/ Write the Synthesis of thiirane from 2-mercaptoethanol

Q32/ write the mechanisms of the following: Paal Knorr synthesis of furan

Q33/ write the mechanisms of the following



Q34/ Write all possible products for the reaction of pyrrole toward electrophilic substitution reaction and which position-attack is favor.



Q35/ Complete and write the name of the following reactions



Q36/ Prepare Cephalosporin from 3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-6-(2-phenoxyacetamido)-4-thia-1azabicyclo [3.2.0] heptane-2-carboxylic acid **(1)** 



Q37/ Complete and write the name of the following reactions



Q38/ Explain the Ring-opening reaction of Pyridine.

Q39/ How the product of Pyridine-N-Oxide formed?

Q40/ Write all possibilities of pyridine reactions toward nucleophilic substitution reaction.

Q41/ Write all possibilities of pyridine reactions toward electrophilic substitution reaction.

Q42/ Explain why pyridine less reactive than benzene in electrophilic substitution reaction.

Q43/ Outline the synthesis of indole.

Q44/ Outline the synthesis (cycloaddition) of Oxy-pyridine

Q45/ Explain why quinoline does not give Friedel-craft reaction

Q46/ Complete the following reactions:





Q47/How will you convert furan to pyrrole?

Q48/ Explain why pyridine does not give Friedel-craft reaction.

Q49/ How will you convert furoic acid to furan?

Q50/ How will you convert pyrimidine to pyrazole?

Lecturer

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