University of Salahaddin – College of Engineering Software & Informatics Dep.

Computer Architecture II 2023-2024

Lecture 1

Lecturer Nyan D. Sallman



Micro processor Architecture

A computer system has three main component (internal H/W feature)

- CPU (processor)
- ❖Memory (ROM, RAM,...)
- ❖Internal bus

External H/W feature are

❖I/O device such as (Keyboard, printer, hand scanner,.....)

Software:

- Operating system
- ❖ Program and data file stored on disk

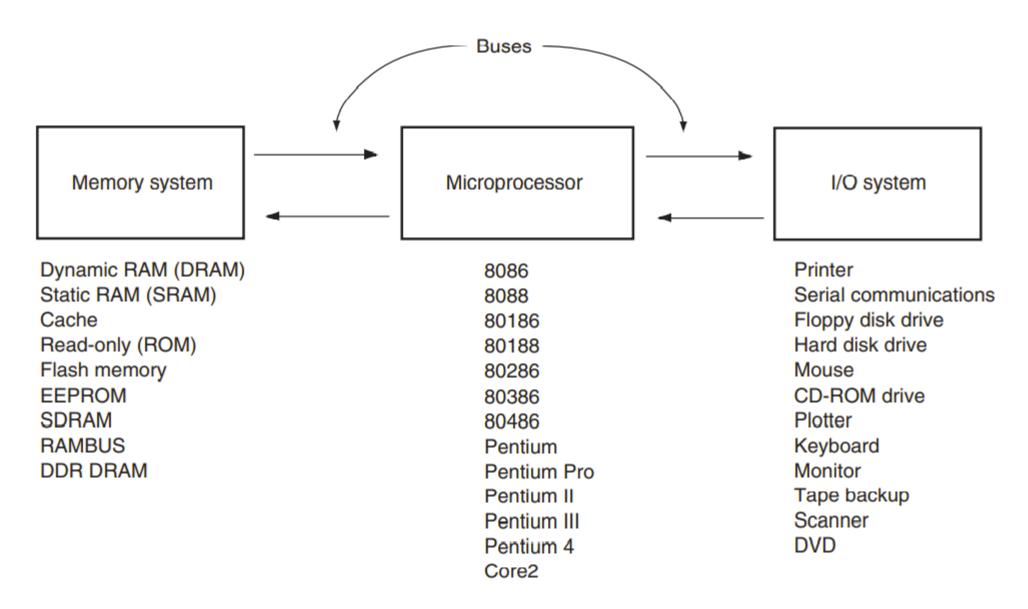
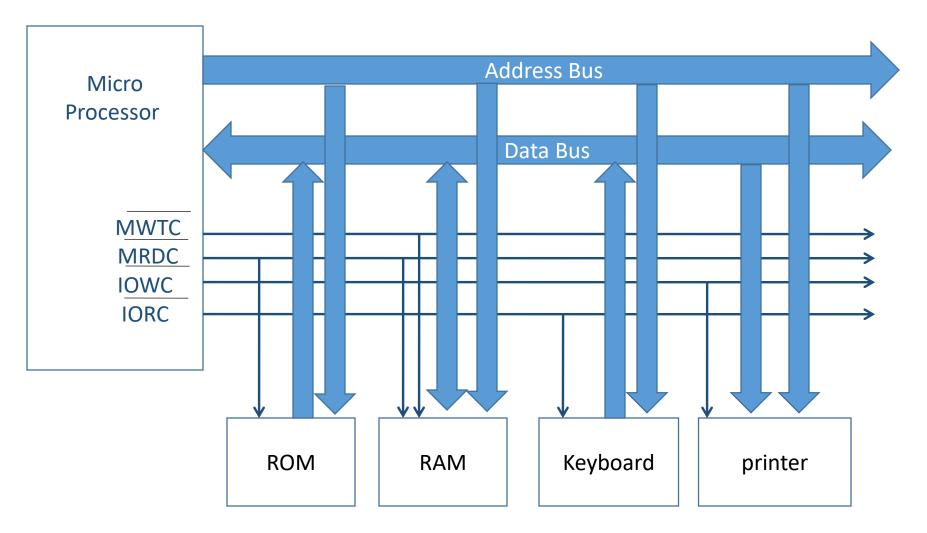


FIGURE 1 The block diagram of a microprocessor-based computer system.



Block diagram of a computer system showing the address, data, and control bus structure

System bus

• Definition: common group of wires connect the component of the system {processor, memory, and peripherals}.

- Address bus
- ❖ Data bus
- Control bus

Internal Architecture of 8086

8086 has two Main Units BIU and EU:

The BIU performs all bus operations such as instruction fetching, reading and writing operands from and to memory and calculating the operands address.

- The instruction bytes are transferred to the instruction queue. EU executes instructions from the instruction system byte queue.

Both units operate Asynchronously to give the processor an overlapping instruction fetch and execution mechanism which is called as Pipelining. This results in efficient use of the system bus and system performance.

Internal Architecture of 8086

- * BIU is responsible for performing all external bus operations.
- * BIU contains Instruction queue, Segment registres, Instruction pointer, Address adder.
- * Processor provides a full 16 bit bidirectional data bus and 20 bit address bus (memory of 1 Mbyte size).

