## Mathematical department Graph theory

**Q1**/ Define degree set and degree sequence, is every degree sequence graphical? what's necessary condition for any sequence to be graphical? illustrate Havel–Hakimi Theorem to show that the degree sequence S: 5, 3, 3, 3, 3, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1. Graphical.

Q2/ For the graph G showing below find the following:



Fig.1 Graph G

- 1- Open neighbor N(g), N(h), N(f).
- 2- close neighborhood of the set S,  $S = \{a, b, g, h\}$ .
- 3- girth and circumference of G.

4- Eccentricity, radius and diameter.

5-Find factorization of G.

Q3/ Define matching, and perfect matching, and prove M is maximal if and only if there is no alternating path between two distinct weak vertices.

Q4/ Define genus, and prove if G(p,q) is connected graph, then

$$\gamma \ge \frac{1}{6}q - \frac{1}{2}(p-2)$$
, and  $\gamma \ge \frac{1}{4}q - \frac{1}{2}(p-2)$  if G has no triangle.

Q5/ Draw graph G of order 10, with greatest degree 6, such that G is planer and has perfect matching;

Write perfect matching and all maximum matching of G.

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Q1/ Define maximal planner, show that  $K_{4,3}$  is maximal planar and sketch the graph

Q2/ Define genus of the graph, if G(p,q) is connected graph of genus x in which every face is triangle then q=3(p-2+2x), prove.

Q3/ Prove that for any  $p \ge 3$ ,  $\gamma(Kp) = \left[\frac{(p-3)(p-4)}{12}\right]$ , where Kp is a complete graph of order p.

Q4/ Find the following and Sketch the graphs:

- 1- r-factor graph with 5-factorable.
- 2- Max size of graph G of order p having maximum matching p=2k
- 3- A graph has perfect matching.
- 4- Graph has 2-bredge without cut vertex.