PARAGRAPH WRITING

First Grade – Morning Classes 2023-2022



Spoken or Written?

TYPES OF WRITING

- **1. Academic Writing**
- 2. Non- Academic

The most common punctuation marks in English are:

capital letters, full stops, question marks, commas, colons and semi-colons, exclamation marks and quotation marks.

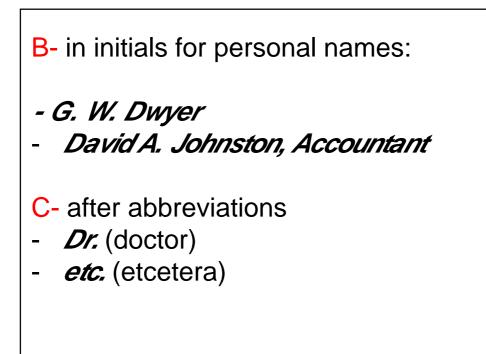
1. Full Stops

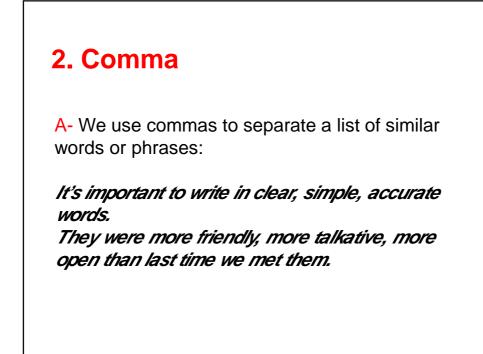
A- Full stops to mark the end of a sentence:

- We went to France last summer

- We were really surprised that it was

so easy to travel on the motorways,





Note: A comma is not normally used before *and* at the end of a list of single words:

- They travelled through Bulgaria, Slovakia, the Czech Republic and Poland.

BUT: American English does use a comma in lists before *and*.

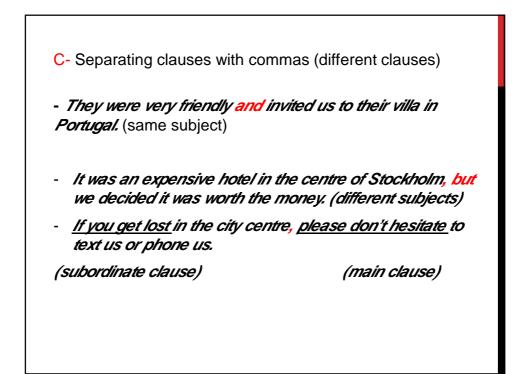
- We took bread, cheese, and fruit with us.

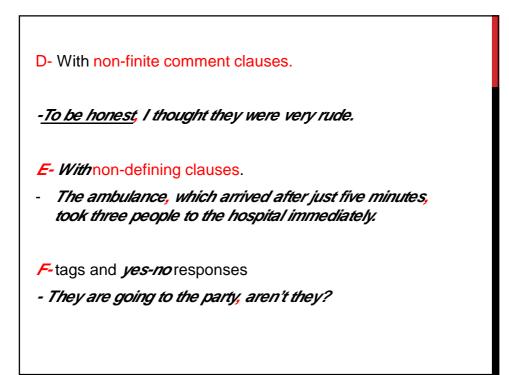
B- use commas to separate words or phrases that mark where the voice would pause slightly:

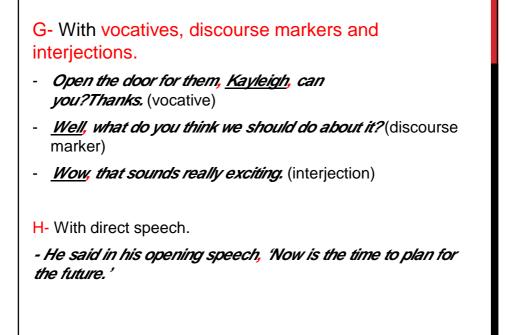
- I can't tell you now. However, all will be revealed tomorrow at midday.

We had, in fact, lost all of our money.

- James, our guide, will accompany you on the boat across to the island.







3. Question Mark

A- With posing a direct query in an interrogative sentence.

- Are there any letters for me this morning?
- When did you finish writing that report?

*B***-**With question tags.

- Just leave these papers on my desk, OK?

- You didn't find those documents, did you?

4. Exclamation Mark

A- an exclamative clause or expression in informal writing.

- Listen!

- Oh no!!! Please don't ask me to phone her. She'll talk for hours!!!

B- with strong emotion (good and bad – surprise, excitement or delight, but also anger, fear or shock)

- What a great success!

- How lovely it is!

5. Apostrophe A- Show Possession James's hat B- Show Omission of Letters don't = do not C- Form Plurals of Letters, Numbers, and Symbols Two A's