

Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific research



**Department of Physics**

**College of Education**

**University of Salahaddin- Hawler**

**Subject: Quantum Mechanics**

**Course Book for (B.Sc.) Student**

**Lecturer's name: DR. SATTAR OTHMAN HASAN**

**Academic Year: 2023/2024**

**Course Book**

<b>1. Course name</b>	<b>Quantum Mechanics</b>
<b>2. Lecturer in charge</b>	Dr. Sattar Othman Hasan
<b>3. Department/ College</b>	<b>Physics / Education</b>
<b>4. Contact</b>	e-mail: <a href="mailto:sattar.hasan@su.edu.krd">sattar.hasan@su.edu.krd</a> e-mail: <a href="mailto:star_os2004@yahoo.com">star_os2004@yahoo.com</a> <b>Tel: (0750 4514637)</b>
<b>5. Time (hours) per week</b>	<b>3 HOURS</b>
<b>6. Office hours</b>	<b>Monday:</b> From 09:00 AM To 02:00 PM <b>Tuesday:</b> From 12:30 AM To 02:00 PM <b>Wednesday:</b> From 12:30 AM To 02:30 PM <b>Thursday:</b> From 09:30 AM To 01:00 PM
<b>7. Teacher's Academic Profile:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ I am a Staff member in <b>physical</b> Department of Education College at <b>Salahaddin</b> University-Erbil.</li> <li>▪ I earned a <b>BSc</b> degree in Physics at <b>1990-1991</b> with first class honor from Physical department of Education college, university of Salahaddin.</li> <li>▪ <b>MSc</b> degree in theoretical nuclear physics at <b>1998-1999</b> under the title of “The Background Function Effects on the Analysis of Gamma-Ray Spectrum” with honor degree.</li> <li>▪ <b>PhD</b> in communication “Electromagnetic Theory” at <b>2005-2007</b> with the title of “Analysis and Design of Compact Microstrip Antenna Using Cavity Model” from Physical department of Science college, university of Salahaddin.</li> <li>▪ From <b>2000-2002</b>, I was a head of register unit within the college of education.</li> <li>▪ During <b>2002-2003</b> I was a deputy of deans of Education College, University of Salahaddin. I was a representative of teaching staff at College of Education for about eight years.</li> <li>▪ I was a dean of Hawler <b>Tourism</b> Technical <b>Institute</b> during the years of <b>2008-2010</b>.</li> <li>▪ I was a dean of Hawler <b>Technology</b> Institute during the years of <b>2010-2014</b>.</li> <li>▪ I am an assistant professor of theoretical Electromagnetic Theory “Field of Communication”, and I have <b>several</b> research publications in different field of physics.</li> <li>▪ My research interests span a number of topical themes in electromagnetic wave propagation, theoretical physics and mobile communication.</li> <li>▪ Finally, I supervised <b>four M.Sc.</b> and <b>two Ph.D.</b> students in the field of Communication.</li> </ul>	

## 8. Course Objective:

This **course** book presents a **comprehensive** course of quantum mechanics for **undergraduate** and **graduate** students which covers the experimental basis of quantum physics including the following topics:

- The course starts with an overview of the **historical** evidence that led to the development of a **quantum** theory of matter and light such as: **Black** body radiation, **Photoelectric** effect, **Compton** scattering, **Franck-Hertz** experiment, the **Bohr** atom, **electron** diffraction, **de-Broglie** waves, and the wave-particle **duality** of matter and light.
- After a brief outline of the innovative ideas that lead up to the quantum theory, through the course a reviews property of the **Schrödinger** equation, the **quantization** phenomena and the physical meaning of **wave functions** are clarified.
- This is followed by an introduction to the key elements of **quantum** mechanics, including the **statistical interpretation** of wave functions, the role of **operators** and their connection with observables.
- The **postulates** of quantum mechanics, **expectation** values, **Ehrenfest's** theorem, wave packets, **probability** amplitudes, **stationary** states, the **Heisenberg** uncertainty **principle**, and **zero-point** energies are also explained in detail.
- Solutions to **Schrödinger's** equation in **one** dimension: **transmission** and **reflection** at a barrier, **barrier** penetration, **potential** wells, the simple **harmonic** oscillator are described.
- Schrödinger's equation in **three** dimensions: central potentials and introduction to **hydrogenic** atom systems with interpretation of the tunnelling phenomena of **alpha** particle are discussed.
- The fundamental **principles** with the **mathematical** formalism introduced, and illustrated through a **number** of solved examples.
- At the end of each **chapter**, exercises and **review** questions, generally designed as per the **examination** pattern, serve to **reinforce** the material learnt.

## 9. Forms of Teaching:

- Different forms of **teaching** will be used to come across with **objectives** of the course.
- Power point presentations for the **head** titles, definitions, **graphs** and many useful illustrations with **summary** at the end of each **chapter** will be presented and discussed.
- All the lecture outlines are prepared and will be a subject of open discussion inside the **lectures**.
- In the **beginning** of each lecture a brief **summary** of the previous lecture will be remembered and the **headlines** of the forward lecture is identified and determined.
- Throughout the **lectures** as well as at the end of each chapter there will be home work problems given to the students as a review and assessments.
- In the last **half** hour of each **lecture** there will be a seminar **prepared** by a student whom selects a quantum subject to be prepared as a presentation and will be open to discussion.
- In addition, the **lecture** will cover enough information about the **description** of the subjects, solution of many examples, analysis and derivation for all necessary equations and proving theorems and many problems are presented as a home work for improving student abilities.

## 10. Assessment Scheme:

Attaining the requirements set to **succeed** in this study subject requires developing a **mathematical** sense, related to this topic, based on emergent analytical and problem-solving skills and memorizing topics cannot **secure** success.

- In this system the **maximum** mark is (**100%**).
- The grading system is based on the summation of **two** categories of **evaluations**:
- **First, (40%)** of the **mark** is based on the **academic** semester effort of the student which includes:
  - **30%** for the semester examination.
  - **5%** for preparing a **seminar** about the a subject related to quantum mechanical subjects and its application to a given physical problem.
  - **5%** for solving **home** works.
- **Second, (60%)** of the **mark** is based on **final** examination that is comprehensive for the whole of the study material **reviewed** during the academic **season** and it usually occurs after completing the course semester.

## 11. Student Learning Outcome:

On satisfying the **quantum mechanics** requirements of this course, students will have the knowledge and skills to:

1. Have gained **knowledge** of mathematical structure of **quantum** mechanics and to be able to apply this **knowledge** in order to solve certain problems related to **quantum** mechanics.
2. Identify and **understand** the kinds of experimental results which are **incompatible** with **classical** physics and which **required** the development of a **quantum** theory of matter and light.
3. **Interpret** the wave function and apply **operators** to it to obtain **information** about a particle's **physical** properties such as position, **momentum** and energy
4. Understand the role of **uncertainty** in quantum physics, and use the **commutation** relations of **operators** to determine whether or **not** two **physical** properties can be simultaneously measured
5. Solve the **Schrödinger** equation for systems such as the particle in a **box**, different potential **barrier** harmonic oscillator, rigid rotor, the **Hydrogen** atom and estimate the shape of the **wavefunction** based on the **shape** of the potential.
6. Applying the technique of **separation** of variables to solve problems in more than **one** dimension and to understand the role of **degeneracy** in the occurrence of **electron** shell structure in atoms.
7. Have learned how to use the **Dirac** formalism, and how to apply **operator** algebra to quantize **angular** momentum and the **harmonic** oscillator,

## 12. Course Reading and List of References:

1. **Nouredine** Zettili, “Quantum Mechanics Concepts and Applications”, Wiley, Second edition, **2009**.
2. A. K. **Saxena**, “Textbook of Quantum Mechanics “, First Edition, New Delhi, **2007**.
3. **Amnon** Yariv, “An Introduction to Theory and Applications of Quantum Mechanics”, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. New York, **1989**.
4. **Mahesh** C. Jain, “Quantum Mechanics A textbook for Undergraduates”, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, Second Edition, **2011**.
5. **Ajit** Kumar, “Fundamental of Quantum Mechanics”, University Printing House, Cambridge CB2 8BS, United Kingdom First published **2018**,
6. G. **Aruldas**, “Quantum Mechanics 500 Problems with Solutions”, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, Second Edition, **2011**.
7. R. B. **Singh**, “Introduction to Modern Physics”, Second Edition, New Age International (P) Limited, New Delhi, **2009**.
8. **Charles** E. Burkhardt · Jacob J. Leventhal, “Foundation of Quantum Physics”, New York, Springer Science +Business Media, LLC, **2008**.

## 13. The Topics:

## Syllabus

### FIRST SEMESTER

#### Chapter One

#### Origen of Quantum Mechanic Concepts

5 Weeks

- I-1: Historical Introduction
- I-2: Failure of Classical Mechanics
- I-3: Thermal Radiation
- I-4: Black Body Radiation
- I-5: Photoelectric Effect
- I-6: Short Wavelength Limit in X-Rays
- I-7: The Compton Effect
- I-8: History of Atomic Models
- I-9: Bohr's Theory of the Atom & Hydrogen Spectrum.
- I-10: Somerfield's Theory
- I-11: The Franck-Hertz Experiment
- I-12: Pauli's Exclusion Principle
- I-13: De-Broglie's Hypothesis
- I-14: Experimental Verification of De-Broglie's Hypothesis
- I-15: The Need for a Wave Function
- I-16: Born Interpretation of the Wave Function
- I-17: Representation of Particle by a Wave Packet
- I-18: Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle
- I-19: Applications / Consequences of the Uncertainty Principle

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Chapter Two</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Schrodinger Equation and its Applications</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>2 Weeks</b></p>	<p>2-1: Introduction                      2-2: The Necessity for a Wave Equation                      2-3: Physical Significance of Wave Function [<math>\psi(r, t)</math>]                      2-4: The Time-Dependent Schrodinger Equation                      2-5: Particle in a Force-Field                      2-6: The Time-Independent Schrodinger or Stationary States                      2-7: Wave Function Interpretation and Probability Conservation                      2-8: Probability Conservation and Hermiticity of the Hamiltonian                      2-9: Expectation Values of Dynamical Variables                      2-10: Motion of Wave Packets: Ehrenfest's Theorem                      2-II: Exact Statement of the Position Momentum Uncertainty Relation.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Chapter Three</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Formal Structure of Quantum Mechanics</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>2 Weeks</b></p>	<p>3-1: The Formal Structure of Quantum Mechanics                      3-2: The Dirac Notation                      3-3: Operators                      3-4: Hermitian Operators                      3-5: Commutator                      3-6: Orthogonal Functions                      3-7: Eigenvalues and Eigenfunctions                      3-8: Degeneracy                      3-9: Reality of Eigenvalues                      3-10: Stationary States                      3-II: Orthogonality of Eigenfunctions                      3-12: Parity Operators                      3-13: Postulate of Quantum Mechanics                      3-14: A Note on the Superposition Principle</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Chapter Four</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Particle in a Potential Well</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>3 Weeks</b></p>	<p>4-1: Free Particle                      4-2: Particle in a Potential Well                      4-3: One-Dimensional Infinite Square Well                      4-4: Three-Dimensional Infinite Square Well                      4-5: One-Dimensional Finite Square Well (First Type)                      4-6: One-Dimensional Finite Square Well (Second Type)</p>
<p><b>SECOND SEMESTER</b></p>	
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Chapter Five</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Potential Barrier</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>3 Weeks</b></p>	<p>5-1: Scattering of Particles by Barriers and Wells                      5-2: The Potential Step                      5-3: The Square Potential Barrier                      5-4: Variable Potential Barrier                      5-5: Explanation of Alpha Decay                      5-6: The Square Potential Well</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Chapter Six</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Simple Harmonic Oscillator</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>3 Weeks</b></p>	<p>6-1: The Linear Harmonic Oscillator                      6-2: The Hermite Polynomial                      6-3: Recurrence Relations                      6-3: The Harmonic Oscillator Wave Functions                      6-5: Operator Method of Linear Harmonic Oscillator</p>

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Chapter Seven</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Angular Momentum</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>4 Weeks</b></p>	<p>7-I: Orbital Angular Momentum in Quantum Mechanics</p> <p>7-2: The Orbital Angular Momentum Operator and its Cartesian Components</p> <p>7-3: The Orbital Angular Momentum Commutation Relations</p> <p>7-4: Angular Momentum Operators in Spherical Polar Coordinates</p> <p>7-5: Eigenvalues and Eigenfunctions of [ <math>L^2</math> and <math>L_z</math> ]</p> <p>7-6: Spherical Harmonics</p> <p>7-7: Effect of the Operators (<math>L_x</math> and <math>L_y</math>)</p> <p>7-8: Vector Model of Angular Momentum; Space Quantization</p> <p>7-9: The Rigid Rotator</p> <p>7-10: Commutation Relations for Ladder Operators</p> <p>7-II: Matrix Representation of Angular Momentum</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Chapter Eight</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Hydrogen's Atom</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>4 Weeks</b></p>	<p>8-I: Spherically Symmetric Potential and Hydrogen Atom</p> <p>8-2: Separation of the Wave Equation into Radial and Angular Parts</p> <p>8-3: The angular part equation</p> <p>8-4: The Radial part equation</p> <p>8-5: Reduction of a Two-Body Problem to One-Body Problem</p> <p>8-6: Hydrogenic Atoms</p> <p>8-7: Most probable Distance of Electron from Nucleus</p> <p>8-8: Properties of Hydrogen Atom Wave Functions</p> <p>8-9: The Zeeman Effect</p>
<p><b>14. Examinations:</b> Different types of questions will be provided to the student as an exercise and also in examinations such as mathematical <b>derivation</b> and <b>explanation</b> questions for different subjects.</p>	
<p><b>15. Extra Notes:</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Due to a number of <b>unforeseen</b> reasons that may lead to the <b>shifting</b> of the academic season <b>program</b>, it may be subjected to <b>modifications</b>. Also extra <b>curriculum</b> hours may be <b>needed</b> to cover all the <b>topics</b> mentioned above. The students shall be <b>notified</b> of the <b>changes</b> if and when they may <b>occur</b>.</p>	