

Q1/ Fill in the following blanks with suitable words or phrases. (10 Marks)

- 1- Sedimentary rocks are the product of the -----, -----, -----, and ----- of detritus and solutes derived from pre-existing rocks.
- 2- Sediment is unconsolidated material that accumulates at the earth's surface, composed mainly of -----, ----- and -----.
- 3- Transporting agents (waters, glaciers and winds) carrying loose sediments where the -----, ----- and ----- control the sediment load.
- 4- The amount of rounding and sorting depends on -----, -----, and -----.
- 5- Diagenesis is the term used for all the changes in sediment undergoes after ----- and before the transition to -----.
- 6- Sedimentary texture refers to the -----, -----, and ----- of the grains that make up a sedimentary rock.
- 7- The sediment sphericity can be classified into two classes; ----- and -----.

Q2/ a- Define sorting and mention the factors controlling sediment sorting. (10 Marks)

b- Define rounding and mention the factors controlling grain rounding.

Q3/ a- Draw one of the classifications showing the gravel, sand and mud mixture. (10 Marks)

b- Draw the sandstone classification after Pettijohn.

Q4/ Write in detail about fine-grained sedimentary rocks including; Grain size, Particle shape, Microfabric, Sedimentary structures, Mineralogy, Organic matter, and Color. (10 Marks)

Q5/ Describe the carbonate rocks with their components and mineralogy. (10 Marks)

Good Luck

Dr. Sirwan I. Sakry

Q1/ Determine the following branches of question by signing true or false. (10 Marks)

- 1- The sedimentary rocks formed under the earth's surface with abnormal temperature and pressure, typically in extensive, horizontal layers.
- 2- Sedimentary rocks cover ~ 5% of Earth's surface in continental areas and compose about ~75 % of the upper crust.
- 3- Lithification is the transformation of loose sediments into solid rock.
- 4- During transportation, sediment size is often increased depending on chemical resistance and physical durability.
- 5- The sediments become more rounded and sorted with decreasing the distance of sediment transport.
- 6- Physically durable and chemically stable minerals are more resistant to transporting distance.
- 7- Diagenesis is the term used for all of the changes that sediment undergoes before deposition and after the transition to metamorphism.
- 8- Mud particle size is larger than 1/16 including silt and clay.
- 9- Sorting refers to uniformity of grain sizes and it is a spread of the grain-size distribution.
- 10- Sphericity is the degree of edge or corner smoothness.

Q2/ List the importance and reasons for studying sedimentary rocks. (10 Marks)

Q3/ Define porosity and permeability and write their equations. (10 Marks)

Q4/ Write on sandstone classification with drawing Folk classification. (10 Marks)

Q5/ Mention the field terminology of carbonate rocks depending on composition, texture and bio-contents. (10 Marks)

Q 1/ Write in detail about sediment transport, transporting methods, and show their relation with grain sizes. (7 Marks)

Q 2/a- Define the sorting and mention their classes; support your answer with drawings. (6 Marks)

b- Define the angularity and mention their classes; support your answer with drawings. (4 Marks)

Q 3/ Describe coarse grain clastic sedimentary rocks with their classification depending on texture, clast composition and origin. (6 Marks)

Q4/ Mention the main mineralogical types in sandstones. (6 Marks)

Q5/ Show the main bases of sandstone classification and draw a Folk triangular diagram. (6 Marks)

Q6/ What are the types of fine to very fine clastic sedimentary rocks and clarify in detail the mudrocks. (7 Marks)

Q7/ a- List with brief description the grains in carbonate rocks. (8 Marks)

b- Show the reason of studying carbonate rocks.

Good Luck

Dr. Sirwan Sakry

Note: Answer four questions only

Q 1/ Write in detail about sediment transport, transporting methods, and show their relation with grain sizes. (20 Marks)

Q 2/a- Define the sorting and mention their classes; support your answer with drawings. (12Marks)

b- Define the angularity and mention their classes; support your answer with drawings. (8Marks)

Q 3/ Describe coarse grain clastic sedimentary rocks with their classification depending on texture, clast composition and origin. (20 Marks)

Q4/ Mention the main mineralogical types in sandstones. (20 Marks)

Q5/ Show the main bases of sandstone classification and draw a Folk triangular diagram. (20 Marks)

Good Luck

Dr. Sirwan Sakry

Salahaddin University
College of Science- Geology
/2019
Subject: Sedimentary Petrology



Stage: Second
Date: 22 / 12

Time: 1:30 H.

Mid-Course Examination, (2019-2020)

Note: Answer on total of 75 marks.

Q1/ Fill the following blanks by suitable words: (30 Marks)

- 1- Sedimentary rocks are developed throughout these processes,-----, -----, -----, -----, ----- .
- 2- Transporting agent (waters, glaciers and winds) carrying loose sediments where the -----, ----- and ----- controlling the sediment load.
- 3- During transportation, sediment size is often reduced depending on ----- and -----.
- 4- Sediment transported by these methods -----, ----- and ----- .
- 5- The different kind of processes that come under the term diagenesis are -----, -----and -----.
- 6- Sediment lithologies can be grouped into four broad categories -----, -----, ----- and ----- .
- 7- Sedimentary texture: refers to the -----, -----, and ----- that make up a sedimentary rock.
- 8- Maturity is a function of sediment transport and classified to two main types -----and ----- .
- 9- Sedimentary structures in relation to depositional process can be classify into; -----, -----, and -----.
- 10- The importance of sedimentary structures can be summarized in three points; -----, -----, and ----- .

Q2/ Define sedimentary rocks and classify according to the type of material and the modes of deposition.

Q3/ Show the relations between sediment transport and following points supporting your answer by drawings where needed:- (15 Marks)

- a- Grain Size b- Roundness and Sorting c- Mineral intensity

Q4/ Describe what are the meaning of sorting and mention their classes. (10 Marks)

Q5/ Write in detail about cross-bedded and ripples marks. (20 Marks)

Q6/ Classify coarse grain clastic sedimentary rocks depending following features:- (15 Marks)

a- Texture or packing

b- Clast composition

c- Origin

Good Luck

Dr. Sirwan Sakry