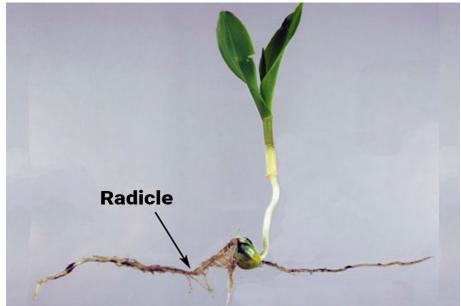
Vegetative characters

1-Root: is non-green, cylindrical descending axis of the plant that usually grows into the soil and develops from the **radicle** which is the first structure that comes out when a seed is placed

in the soil.



Functions of Root

a-Anchoring the plants to the ground soil and ensuring that it stands erect.

b-Absorption: Primary function of the roots is to absorb water and dissolved minerals from the soil.

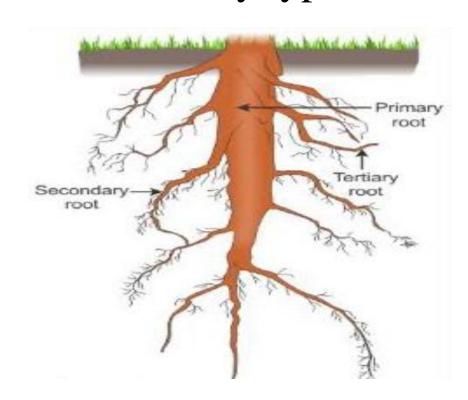
c-Storage: Plants prepare food and store in the form of starch in the roots.

d-Reproduction: In some plants, the roots are a means of reproduction, this type of reproduction is called vegetative propagation.

Types of Roots

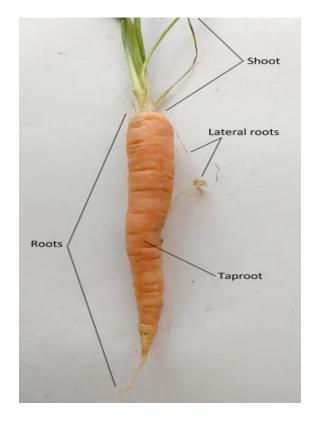
1- Tap root (Dicotyledon, Gymnosperm):

it is the main root of the plant, developing from the radicle and produces secondary roots that further branches into finer roots, and it say the plant has a tap root system, tap root has many types:



1- Tap root







Normal tap root Vicia faba

Conical root

Daucus carota

Fusiform root *Raphanus sativus*

1- Tap root



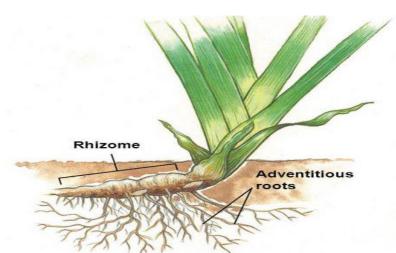
Globiform root *Raphanus*



Napiform root

Brassica rapa

developing from any part of the plant other than radicle, it may develop from the base of the stem or nodes or internodes or from the leaves (Monocotyledon plants), and the plant has a fibrous root system, the types of this root are:







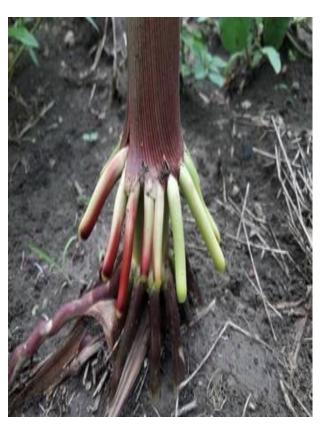


Fibrous root

Tritichum

Fibrous root
Fragaria

Tuberous root
Ranunculus







Prop root Zea mays

Parasite (Haustorial) root Cuscuta

Floating root

Jussiaea





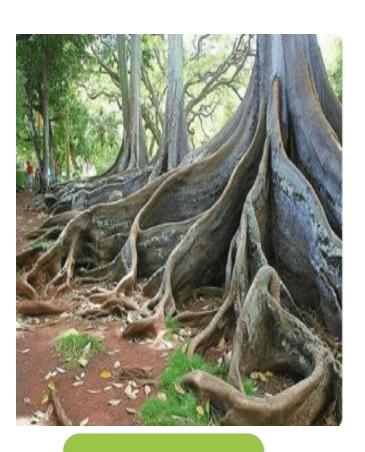


Aerial root Hedera helix

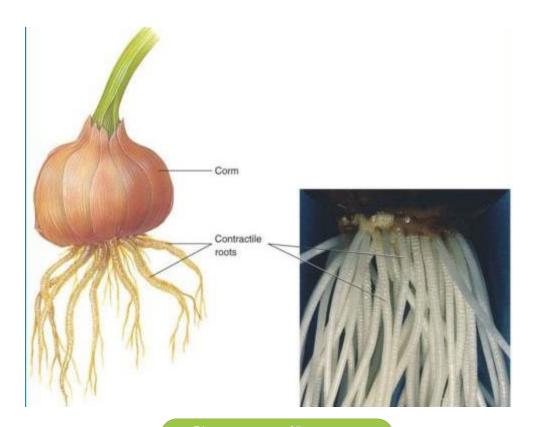
Aerial root
Ficus bengalensis

Aerating root

Taxodium



Buttress root *Terminalia*



Contractile root
Some Monocot.
plants